# Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 21. VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1895. No. 173



CHALLONER & MITCHELL,

MANUFACTURING JEWELERS.

47 GOVERNMENT STREET,

OPPOSITE BANK OF B. C.

SUITS FROM $15.00

.....AT.....

W. M. STEWART, MERCHANT TAILOR,

36 FORT STREET.

From to-day onward we are going to sell the remainder of our Stock of Scotch, Irish and French Suitings from $15.00; Pants from $4.00.

These are Genuine Imported Goods, and not got up for any cheap sale. We guarantee honest work and First Class Fit.

PANTS FROM $4.00.

THE WESTSIDE.

Closing Week Of the Great Sale

SPECIAL

600 Pairs Ladie's Cotton Hose,
Fast Black and Seamless, 2 pairs for 25 cents.

Bargains in Embroideries.
Bargains in Laces.
Bargains in Prints.
Bargains in Staples.
Bargains in Dress Goods.
Bargains in Jackets, Blouses, Etc.
Bargains in all Departments for This Week Only.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

July 24.

A Prize of $5

Will be given for the first correct answer received to the following questions:

WHO IS
" " Selling Groceries at Lowest Prices?
" " Selling the Best Quality of Groceries?
" " Giving Best Satisfaction for the Money?
" " Making Values meet the Hard Times?
" " Making a Dollar go the Farthest?
" " Giving the Man who pays Cash the Benefit?

OH, WRATZ! The prize is off. Everybody will say:

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

Our ANNUAL SUMMER SALE is now on.
Bargains for everybody!
The best goods, competent workmen, lowest prices.

A. GREGG & SON,

Merchant Tailors, Yates Street.

Have You

Tried Falconer's this season Fruit? Don't miss it! Choice! Delicious! Don't miss it! Ask your grocer for FALCONER'S.


## HOLMES IN THE MESHES

**The Authorities Claim to be in Daily Receipt of Important Information.**

**Pat Quinlan, the Janitor of the Death Trap, Evidently an Accomplice.**

Hamilton, Ont., July 26.—Mr. McLean, one of the proprietors of the St. Nicholas, is almost positive that Holmes, Hatch, and a woman, possibly Miss Williams, stayed at his hotel last September. It was an elderly man, accompanied by a young woman, whom he presented as his wife, who arrived on the 27th of September, and shortly after a man joined them who said he was from Chicago. After staying a few days at the hotel, the elderly man left with his wife to go boarding in the east end and Holmes left for Chicago. The old man soon after left the city, but the detectives can find no trace of the young woman, and it is thought she may have been murdered here.

Philadelphia, July 26.—District Attorney Graham has decisively announced that H. H. Holmes will be tried in this city for the murder of Benjamin F. Pietzel in the Callow Hill street house. In view of the fact that the district attorney has said that Holmes would be tried wherever the strongest case could be made out against him, it is believed that the authorities have recently learned more important details of the crime which insures the accused man's conviction. Information as to whether or not this supposition is correct was refused.

Chicago, Ill., July 26.—More proof was found to-day that Julia A. Conner is dead, and that she was made away with by H. H. Holmes. It was determined that she disappeared before June 5th, 1892. An important factor in the search for her is that as late as November, 1892, Holmes, as shown by the letters which have been found, was writing her parents as to her whereabouts and stating that she had gone to St. Louis. But on June 5, 1892, he wrote to her brother-in-law, Ira Yantis, of 320 Wardobe avenue, Waukesha, Wis., giving him a fictitious address as to her whereabouts in St. Louis. Yantis wrote back to Holmes on June 9 and this letter was found yesterday. At that time Yantis had no suspicion that Holmes had made away with his sister-in-law and supposed him to be her friend. This letter was written three weeks before the one in which J. L. Conner accused Holmes of breaking faith with him. The latter letters refer to his daughter Pearl. From this it would appear that Mrs. Conner was killed first and the child afterwards.

Chicago, July 26.—George W. Harris, alias B. Z. Z. Ziegal, is in custody of the detective agency under suspicion of being a confederate of H. H. Holmes in his insurance swindles. Harris has passed under a string of aliases, having been known as B. A. Simpkins and Alfred H. Post. He was chief promoter in the Taylor addition of the first mortgage swindles in St. Paul which caught many Chicago people. Much importance is attached to the arrest of Harris.

Chicago, July 26.—William Capps, of the firm of Capps & Canter, of Fort Worth, Texas, is in Chicago in the interests of the heirs of the Williams sisters. He has obtained copies of deeds by which they transferred their property and he claims their names were forged. Evidence has been collected, he says, which will prove conclusively that the girls were murdered before July 12, the date appended to the deeds. He thinks they were killed before July 4. He has been investigating the property at Willamette and he says it is still in the name of Minnie Williams.

Chicago, July 26.—Thomas Freeman, agent for the Chicago Demonstrators' Association, said last night that in his opinion the bones found in Holmes' "castle" in Englewood were those of persons made away with on the premises or else were bodies that were shipped to Chicago. He said all the bodies of paupers who died in the county passed through his hands and it would be impossible for Holmes to obtain a cadaver without his knowledge.

Quinlan and Owens had another "sweat box" experience last night, and when they left the central station they were under the guard of two police officers to prevent their escape and keep any one from conversing with them. Both men are nervous and ill at ease. They plainly showed that they are beginning to appreciate the position which recent developments in the Holmes case has placed them in. Both have given the police new information of importance.

Chicago, July 26.—Pat Quinlan, janitor in Holmes' "castle," is in serious danger. He carried 37 keys which opened various doors, secret and otherwise, in the chambers of Holmes' castle. He was the factotem of Holmes. Quinlan is between two fires. If Holmes confesses, as it is said he will, he may implicate Quinlan, and if the latter confesses he apparently must implicate himself. Damaging evidence against Quinlan has accumulated more rapidly in the last 24 hours than against Holmes. Detective Norton was informed early of the career of Quinlan with Holmes. They formerly kept at the castle a girl whose first name was Lizzie. She had a sister working in the restaurant connected with the castle. This Lizzie gave birth to a child, which Holmes took care of. What became of it is unknown, save to Holmes and Quinlan. The report spread about 33rd street was that he was about to marry the girl. Suddenly his wife, who had not been living at the castle, appeared on the scene. Lizzie was hurried out of the city and it is said she is now in Omaha. An effort will be made to find her. Quinlan, it appears, sent orders from Philadelphia to destroy all Holmes' papers, clothing and other articles which might aid the detectives in tracing his career.

## CABLE DISPATCHES.

**Conflict Between Turks and Persians—The Strike at the Isthmus.**

London, July 26.—Sixteen hundred cases of California fruit, which arrived at Southampton from New York by the steamship St. Louis yesterday morning, sold at auction in Covent Garden market to-day, fetching prices which were one-half below those of last week. Plums averaged 7s. 1d. per case; peaches 8s., and pears 11s. 7d.

The United States cruiser Columbia sailed from Southampton for New York at 12:30 p.m. to-day on her speed test across the Atlantic.

Lady Frances Rose-Gunning, widow of the Rev. Henry John Gunning, fourth baronet of that name, who died in 1885, was charged to-day with forging a bill of exchange of £50, using the name of her father, the Rev. William Henry Spencer, uncle of Baron Churchill and rector of Great Houghton, Northamptonshire. She was remanded.

A dispatch received at Paris from Constantinople says that sanguinary conflicts have taken place between the Turks and Persians on the Persian frontier.

An explosion of fire damp occurred yesterday in the Prinz von Preussen mine at Bochum, Westphalia. The bodies of 32 victims of the accident have already been recovered and a number of persons are still missing. Search parties are experiencing the utmost difficulty in exploring the mine. In addition to the killed, nine men were severely burned by the explosion. Most distressing scenes were witnessed at the mouth of the pit.

While no official news has been received concerning the reported friction between the Venezuelans and British colonists in Trinidad, growing out of the seizure of a British trading craft in coloial waters, it is believed that the difficulty has resulted from the efforts of the Venezuelans to maintain a strict guard off their coast against the landing of revolutionary forces. The British island of Trinidad is near the Venezuelan coast and the two points known as the Serpents Mouth channels, separating the island from the mainland, are so narrow as to make it very difficult to distinguish the lines of jurisdiction between British and Venezuelan waters. It is at these places that the seizures have been made by Venezuelans.

A dispatch from Colon says the strike of the wharf, ship and other laborers including switchmen on the railroad, causing utter stagnation in business circles, is partially over, although it continues at Panama. However, all troubles will be over in a few days. The transit of the isthmus is not impeded.

The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day was £65,000.

## ELECTRIC RAILWAYS.

**The N. Y., N. H. and Hartford Will Equip its System.**

Chicago, July 26.—Regarding the story that an electric road between New York and Chicago with an average speed of 150 miles an hour is now being promoted by Chicago and eastern capitalists, Asistant Manager Theo. P. Bailey, of the General Electric Company, said to-day: "The great trunk lines of the country will eventually be operated by electricity, but there is no immediate prospect of such a company between the points named. It is an open secret that the N. Y., N. H. and Hartford will equip their entire system with electricity and I see no reason why the roads between Chicago and the east should not do the same. It is not in the least wild guess work to say that the trip from Chicago to New York by way of Buffalo can be made in eight or ten hours with electrical motors."


—Wire cloth for screen doors, meat safes, etc. Shore's hardware.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.


WANTED—Strong boy to learn baker's trade. Apply at 59 Broad street. jy25-2

NEW MILCH COW FOR SALE CHEAP. Apply Mrs. Batchelor, Oakland Avenue. jy26-3t

MIDDLE AGED WOMAN wants situation as housekeeper; good cook and good seamstress. Adress "Cook," Times office. jy26-2t

Victoria Building Society.

The Semi-Annual General Meeting of the above Society will be held at Pioneer Hall, Broad street, on Wednesday, 31st July, at 8 p.m., to receive the Secretary's half yearly Report and Balance Sheet, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

After which the 45th Drawing for an Appropriation will be held.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order,

A. W. G. FLINT, Secretary.

jy26


## NEWS FROM THE CAPITAL

**A More Direct Statement Will be Requested From Manitoba re Compromise.**

**Vessel to Ascertain the Length of Time Hudson Bay Strait is Navigable.**

Ottawa, July 26.—It is understood that an order-in-council was issued at yesterday's privy council meeting in answer to the reply of the Manitoba government with respect to the remedial order, which will shortly be transmitted to Lieut.-Gov. Schultz. The order will request of Manitoba a more direct statement of its position in reference to the compromise suggested in the provincial reply. There is no suggestion of a commission to enquire into the past or present status of education in the province, but a request that the Manitoba government will state what amendment to the act of 1890 it is prepared to make in order to comply with the spirit of the judgment of the privy council.

Messrs. Carriere, Laine & Co., of Quebec, have been awarded the contract for lighthouse supplies.

Douglas Stewart, inspector of penitentiaries, has left for the Pacific coast.

An order-in-council has been passed, which will be transmitted to Her Majesty's government, with a copy of the French treaty bill passed at the recent session of parliament. The imperial authorities will be requested to secure the ratification of exchanges with France.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell leaves to-morrow morning for the Northwest, to be present at the opening of the exhibition at Regina on Monday. He will be accompanied by Hon. T. M. Daly, Mrs. Daly and Hayter Reed, deputy superintendent of Indian affairs. It is understood that when the party have reached the Pacific coast one of the government steamers will be placed at the disposal of Sir Mackenzie and Messrs. Daly and Reed, to enable them to visit several of the Indian reservations along the northern shores of the province of British Columbia.

Hugh Sutherland, N. Boyd, M. P., and C. C. Carlisle, lately Canadian agent in Newfoundland, had a talk with the deputy minister of marine yesterday on the subject of the navigability of the Hudson's Straits. They are anxious that some suitable craft be dispatched to those waters in order to ascertain the exact length of the season of navigation that can be depended upon. Their impression is that the real difficulty likely to be encountered at early and late seasons is with ice in the straits. As for the bay itself, they say there is evidence that it may be safely navigated a month later in the year than navigation is possible to Montreal. Should this opinion prove to be correct it would be possible with a railway to Hudson's Bay, the promoters claim, to remove the great bulk of the Northwest wheat crop before the close of navigation in the same year.

## DURRANT'S TRIAL.

**Change of Venue Denied—One Juryman Selected.**

San Francisco, July 26.—A number of young women struggled with other curiosity seekers to obtain admission to the trial of Theodore Durrant for the murder of Blanche Lamont yesterday. The proceedings opened with the district attorney's attempt to controvert the defendant's application for a change of venue. After a number of affidavits had been presented, stating the defendant would have a fair trial in San Francisco, Judge Murphy refused the defendant's application for a change of venue, giving Durrant the right to renew the motion. The empanelling of jurors commenced to-night. Durrant, who was accompanied to the court by his father and mother, maintains his calm and unconcerned demeanor.

It is evident that the defence will take every advantage of technicalities. They objected to the entire jury panel because the minutes were defective of the meeting of the superior judges when the list of 3000 jurors were selected. Presiding Judge Sanderson testified to-day as to the proceedings at the meeting of judges. Then Judge Murphy overruled the defendant's objection. An attempt to obtain jurors then began. It is evident that this will take a number of days at least. The questions of the prosecution were mainly directed to ascertain if a juror would accept circumstantial evidence and would not hesitate to inflict the death penalty for murder. The defendant's questions were based upon the jurors' familiarity with the newspaper comments upon the crime and Durrant's connection with it. Almost every man summoned as a juror has formed an opinion as to Durrant's guilt which will take strong evidence to remove. Up to noon to-day only one juror had been temporarily accepted. He may be challenged by the defence later on. His name is Thomas W. Sieberly.

### American News.

San Quentin, Cal., July 26.—William Frederick, the murderer of Bank Cashier W. H. Herrick, was hanged here to-day.

Chicago, July 26.—Flames broke out to-day from the north end of the factory of the Deering Harvester Company. The fire started in the big malleable iron department and burned savagely. Several freeze in the building were overcome by gas.

# IN THE EASTERN PROVINCES

**Col. Denison Unveils a Memorial to Canadians Who Fell at Lundy's Lane.**

**During an Altercation One Baseball Player Strikes Another and Kills Him.**

Montreal, July 25.—There was a little flurry in local financial circles to-day when it became known that M. Benoit, manager of La Banque Nationale, had resigned his position. All sorts of rumors were afloat, and it was stated at the bank that the reason M. Benoit resigned was on account of differences of opinion between him and the directors.

The archbishop has issued a circular requesting the priests in his diocese to pray for rain.

The extraordinary lowness of the River St. Lawrence is playing havoc with shipping, and agents are cabling home to England to warn shippers against loading their vessels too heavily. The water only registers 26 feet 5 inches. As a rule the lowest is about 30 feet.

Niagara Falls, July 25.—Col. Denison, M. P. for Toronto, to-day unveiled the Dominion government memorial to the Canadians who fell at the battle of Lundy's Lane on July 25, 1814, in presence of a large number of people.

Toronto, July 25.—An injunction was applied for this morning to prevent the trustee board of the Elm street Methodist church from spending any money now in its hands to pay the choir or organist, and to prevent Rev. Mr. Galbraith, pastor of the church, from interfering with the trustee board.

Toronto, July 25.—When the Orange Supreme Grand Lodge of Canada meets at Halifax on Tuesday, an effort will be made to secure legislation to the effect that supreme grand lodge officials shall not belong to political associations. The case in point is that of Supreme Secretary Birmingham, who is also organizer for the Federal Conservative party. The county lodge wants this changed.

Kingston, July 25.—While a baseball game was in progress at Sydenham village, 16 miles from here, William Castell, third baseman of the Elginburg team, became refractory at the home plate in an altercation with P. Wycott, shortstop of the Odessa team, and in the melee the latter struck Castell over the left temple with a bat. He was carried to the hotel and died of his injuries this morning.

Toronto, July 25.—The statement of Mrs. Doyle, of Chicago, that a relative of hers owned the house at No. 16 St. Vincent street, in which the remains of the Pietzel children were found, is not correct. Mrs. Nudell, who owns the property, says that her late husband and herself have owned the house for twenty years and that no one has any interest in it except herself.

Wellington, July 25.—A terrible accident occurred in No. 5 shaft of the Wellington colliery yesterday, by which a Russian Finn, Victor Hill by name, lost his life beneath some loaded cars, which ran over his body, breaking his neck, besides inflicting other injuries, causing almost instantaneous death. Hill was a young man and unmarried.

## BRITAIN AND BRAZIL.

**The Trinidad Affair—A Description of the Island.**

London, July 25.—The Rio Janeiro correspondent of the Times says, in reference to the demonstrations with regard to the occupation of Trinidad, that the government is acting in restraint of actual violence, but is not advising moderation.

Rio Janeiro, July 26.—A hostile crowd made a demonstration of protest against the occupation of the island of Trinidad by the British in front of the British consulate at Sao Paulo to-day. The police patrols have increased on account of similar demonstrations here.

The Brazilian island of Trinidad should not be confounded with the British island of Trinidad, off the coast of Venezuela, whence the bitumen comes. The Brazilian Trinidad is situated in the South Atlantic ocean in latitude 20 degrees 30 minutes south and longitude 29 degrees 22 minutes west. It is 700 miles from the coast of Brazil, which is the point of land nearest to it. It contains about sixty square miles of territory. It is uninhabited, but Baron Harden-Hickey, a French journalist, who married Anna H. Flagler, daughter of the standard oil millionaire, John H. Flagler, has for years been working on a scheme to colonize it. In 1888 Baron Harden-Hickey decided to take a trip round the world in a sailing vessel. So he took passage on the merchant ship Astoria, Capt. Jackson, which sailed from England, bound westward around Cape Horn. The Astoria was driven by stress of weather to the island of Trinidad, where it remained for several days. Baron Harden-Hickey went ashore and explored the island. It was then that he conceived the idea of planting a colony upon it. He allowed the idea to grow and mellow in his mind. He kept on his journey around the world, visited China, India, and other Asiatic countries, and finally came back to the United States and married Miss Flagler. In an interview the baron said:

"I propose to take possession of the island of Trinidad under a maxim of international law which declares that anybody may hold and seize waste land that is not claimed by anybody else. The island is uninhabited and has been so for more than a hundred years. Two or three centuries ago the Portuguese attempted to colonize it, probably by a penal colony. They soon gave up the attempt, however. The English also once made a feeble attempt to plant a colony upon it, but the project was abandoned after a short settlement. The remains of these early settlements may still be seen upon the island. No one however, has lived on it for more than a century. I explored the island thoroughly. It is on a rock foundation but has a plateau on which there is abundant vegetation. A river of pure, fresh water runs through it. It has all the essential qualifications for supporting several hundred people. Great quantities of wild fowl make it their hiding place, and it is visited periodically by thousands of turtles, which deposit their eggs there. There is no reason why a people should not live there and be happy and contented."

## TOWING BY ELECTRICITY.

**Water Power of Niagara Falls to be Used in the Experiment.**

New York, July 26.—The Trenton Iron Works made a contract yesterday with the Cataract General Electric Company, of Niagara Falls, for the construction and equipment of an experimental line of four miles for towing boats on the Erie canal by means of electricity. The electric power is to be taken from the Niagara Falls Power Company, and the line is to be completed and ready for operation within 60 days. The cost of the system will be about $2500 per mile for a single line, or $5000 per mile for a line on each side of the canal. The equipment of the Erie canal and other waterways of the state with this system will involve an expenditure of $200,000,000. The system is described as follows: Along each bank of the Erie canal will be a pole line, the poles being of steel and extending 16 feet above the ground and outside the tow path. On top of the poles will be placed a steel cable of great strength and 1½ inches in diameter. Four inches below this, upon a cable wire, will be strung a second cable made of steel and one inch in diameter. From the upper cable a small car or traveller will be suspended which will run on the second cable. In the car or traveller there will be a shaft around which the lower cable will make three turns. The shaft will be operated by a Tesla electric motor. The current of electricity will enter the motor from the upper cable and will be discharged through the lower, thus perfecting a metallic circuit. A motor man will operate the car in much the same manner as the ordinary electric street car. The work will be pushed with all possible speed.

**A Serious News.**

Los Angeles, Cal., July 26.—One of the deepest oil wells in the city suddenly started gushing oil at such a rate that it cannot be kept under control. It has over-run the neighborhood and is still flowing. The output is estimated by experts to be 800 barrels per day.

Tacoma, Wash., July 26.—Mrs. Eliza beth Wildgrub, of Lake Bay, made a desperate attempt last night to murder her two daughters, aged 7 and 10 years. While the children were sleeping the mother went to the bedside and attacked them with a hatchet, cutting and hacking them with strength born of insanity. The children struggled for their lives and succeeded in escaping out of doors with nothing but their night clothes to cover them. They sought refuge at the home of a neighbor a mile away. Mrs. Wildgrub will be sent to the insane asylum.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 26.—Messrs. Levy Bros., of Paris, France, yesterday expressed a consignment of 104 high class horses to New York, whence they will be immediately shipped to France. It is understood they intend to purchase at least 4000 horses within the next month, the purchases being, it is stated, principally on account of the French government for cavalry purposes. The Levy Bros., three in number, have been in Buffalo less than a week.

**Tired but Sleepless**

Is a condition which gradually wears away the strength. Let the blood be purified and enriched by Hood's Sarsaparilla and this condition will cease.

"For two or three years I was subject to poor spells. I always felt tired, could not sleep at night and the little I could eat did not do me any good. I read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to try it. Before I had finished two bottles I began to feel better and in a short time I felt all right and had gained 21 pounds in weight. I am stronger and healthier than I have ever been in my life." JOHN W. COUGHLIN, Wallaceburg, Ontario.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier**

Prominently in the public eye today. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's. Do not be induced to buy any other.

**Hood's Pills** cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25c.



**"Hot Enough?"**

Climatic changes or variations in the atmosphere have no effect on E. B Eddy's Matches, which light readily at any time, Hot or Cold, Rain or Shine.

This can be said only of

**E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.**


# LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

**Germany Will Place All Kinds of Insurance Under Imperial Supervision.**

**Balfour Wants Lowther for Speaker—Revolutionary Movement in Bulgaria.**

London, July 26.—The correspondent of the Standard at Berlin says that a bill is being prepared to place all kinds of insurance business under imperial supervision. It is probable it it is adopted that it will lead to the creation of a special insurance department of the imperial home office.

The Daily News, the Liberal organ, stated this morning that it understands that Hon. A. J. Balfour, who is to be the leader of the house of commons, wishes Mr. James William Lowther to become speaker.

A Constantinople dispatch to the Chronicle says that there has been a heavy fall in the funds on rumors of fighting in Macedonia. No details have been received.

The Vienna correspondent of the Daily News says that there are rumors of a revolutionary uprising in Bulgaria with hostile demonstrations at Sofia and elsewhere against Prince Ferdinand and M. Sterloff, the Bulgarian premier.

It is reported that the Turkish council decided to mobilize all the reserves along the whole seaboard of the empire in all of the principal towns. This measure, entailing great financial sacrifices, is only explained by the acute situation of affairs in several different spots.

The funeral to-day at Berlin of Dr. Rudolph Genist, formerly the instructor of the present emperor, brought out an immense concourse of people. The Emperor William, the Dowager Empress Frederick, his mother, and the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Baden, aunt of the Emperor William, sent splendid wreaths, which were laid upon the bier, and sent telegrams of condolence to his family.

## ON THE WARPATH.

**Bannock Indians Slaughter a Family in Salt River Valley.**

Chicago, July 25.—A special from Pocatello, Idaho, says: The Indian war has broken out in earnest. Union Pacific engineer Robert Fitzpatrick, who pulled the north-bound freight into Pocatello on Thursday night, confirms the report that the Bannock Indians killed a settler, his wife and child in the Salt river valley, and that the white men pursuing the Indians killed six of them before they escaped to the mountains.

Mail Carrier Vail, who arrived at Montepelier from Star valley, also told the same story. The excitement among the settlers in Northwest Wyoming over the threatened uprising of the Bannock and Shoshone Indians is growing more intense daily. They are leaving their ranches in large numbers and gathering at favored points for mutual protection in case the Indians return to seek vengeance for the death of their brother braves.

The story of the killing of three whites and six Indians is spreading alarm at a rapid rate. Innumerable pleasure parties have given up contemplated trips into the mountain country, which abound in sport of all kinds this season. The settlers, too, are becoming thoroughly aroused, and if they are not soon protected by government troops, they will take the field in protection of their own homes and lives. It is also stated that the foraging Bannocks are seeking supplies of government rations forwarded by those remaining at the reservation, and that 700 Shoshone bucks from the Wind river reservation have started to aid the Bannocks. Further news from the Indian country is anxiously awaited.

Market Lake, Idaho, July 26.—The Indians are camped in Hoback canon. It is believed here that the passes to Jackson's Hole are guarded by Indians. No one has come out for several days. The troops will reach here to-day and leave at once for the Hole. Many Indians have been going in the direction of the trouble and will not talk.


—A stimulant is often needed to nourish and strengthen the roots, and to keep the hair a natural color. Hall's Hair Renewer is the best tonic for the hair.

**Royal Turkish (Egyptian) Cigarettes, 15c.**


As soon as a woman gets lots of new clothes, she discovers that she is lonesome.—Atchison Globe.

George (nervously).—I'd like the best in the world, Kitty, to marry you, but I don't know how to propose.

Kitty (promptly and practically).—That's all right, George. You've finished with me; now go to papa.—Detroit Free Press.


AMUSEMENTS.

**A. O. U. W. HALL,**

**Friday Evening, July 26, at 8:30.**

FAREWELL APPEARANCE OF MR.

**David Christie Murray,**

Who will deliver a "talk" entitled

**"In the Face of War,"**

Experiences and adventures of a Special Correspondent.

RESERVED SEATS.....75c.
ADMISSION.....50c.

Reserved Seats now on sale at Jamieson's.

**VICTORIA THEATRE.**

ONE NIGHT ONLY

**MONDAY, July 29th**

The Bright and Winsome Comedienne

**Miss Anna Parker**

In the Queen of Comedies,

...The New...

**'JANE'**

Supported by an Unsurpassed Array of Comedy Talent.

400 NIGHTS in New York! Fifth year of its uninterrupted prosperity! Brighter and breezier than ever! Its popularity increasing! Conscientiously presented and magnificently costumed.

**A Perfect Gale of Fun!**

Jane will be preceded by a powerful one-act Comedy-Drama entitled

**THE LOST SHEEP,**

By Mr. Sedley Brown.

Prices, $1.00 and 75c. Gallery, 50c. Reserved seats now on sale at Jamieson's.

**The Paradise of the Pacific.**

**LECTURE**

Illustrated with 150 Stereopticon Views in the Hawaiian Republic, by

**Rev. HENRY H. RICE,**

Of Oakland, California,

**On Friday Evening, July 26th, 1895,**

At 8 o'clock, in the Auditorium of St. Andrew's Church, Douglas St.

Admission, for Adults, 25 cents. Children, under 14 years, 15 cents. Tickets for sale at the Book Stores. jy25-21

AUCTION SALES.

**JOSHUA DAVIES**

AUCTIONEER.

I have received instructions from

**H. WALLER, ESQ.,**

to sell at his store, Odd Fellows' Block, Douglas Street, on

**Tuesday, July 30th**

The balance of his

**Well-Kept Stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods.**

At commencement of sale, 2 buggies, 1 set harness, and 1 dog cart.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Jy 15 Auctioneer.

UNDERTAKERS.

**CHAS. HAYWARD**

(Established 1867.)

**Funeral Director and Embalmer**

Government Street, Victoria.

**THOS. STOREY,**

No. 99 Johnson street, VICTORIA, B.C.

**FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.**

TERMS REASONABLE.


LEGAL NOTICES.

**Land Registry Act.**

Lot 3, Block XVI; lot 25, block XVIII; lot 12, block XIX; lots 13 and 20, block XX; lot 17, block XXX; lots 29 and 38, block XXXI; lot 26, block XXXIV; lot 1, block XXXV; lot 4, block XXXVII; lots 2 and 20, block XXXIX; the easterly 2-3 of lot 21, block XL; lot 13, block XLVIII; lot 2, block L; lot 7, block LI; part of district lot 185, in the city of Vancouver.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above lots will be issued to James Charles Prevost, guardian of the estate of Ernest Wilfred Pratt, otherwise known as Ernest Pratt, on the 28th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming the estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

T. O TOWNLEY,
District Registrar.

Land Registry Office, Vancouver, 24th June, 1895. 3m.

**Land Registry Act.**

In the Matter of the Application of Peter Steele for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the following portions of Sections XXXI and XXXII., Esquimalt District, viz.:

All that piece or parcel of land forming a portion of Section XXXII., Esquimalt District, together known as Lots 20 and 21, according to a survey and plan made by R. Hommray, C. E., and more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at the N. E. corner of said section, thence running westerly along the northern boundary of said section 301 links, thence south 475 links, thence easterly to the eastern boundary of said section, 351 links; thence northward along the said boundary to the point of beginning, 562 links.

Also that piece or parcel of land known as Buckley's Orchard, and forming a portion of Section XXXI. Esquimalt District, more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at a point on the northern boundary of the said section 14 feet six inches distant from the N. E. corner of before mentioned Section XXXII., thence running easterly along the said boundary 400 feet, thence southerly and parallel to the eastern boundary of the first above described piece of land 325 feet, thence at right angles west 350 feet, thence north to the point of beginning, 198 feet.

Also all that piece or parcel of land forming another portion of Section XXXI., Esquimalt District, bounded as follows, viz.: On the west by the last described piece of land known as Buckley's Orchard, on the south by a line drawn from the south easterly corner of said last described piece to the Craigflower road and parallel to the northern boundary of the said Section XXXI., to the eastward by the Craigflower road, and to the northward by the northern boundary of said Section XXXI.

NOTICE is hereby given that a certificate of indefeasible title to the above lands will be issued to Peter Steele on the 28th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the to writing by a person claiming an estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, June 24, 1895.


**Look AT THIS LIST.**

Mason's Fruit Jars,
Enamel Preserving Pots,
Enamel Ware (all kinds of articles)
Camp Bedsteads,
Blankets for Ditto,
Hammocks (a nice variety),
Baskets (for picnic use, etc).

—The above are a few of—

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**WEILER BROS.**

51 to 55 Fort Street, Victoria.

NOTE.—We shall be pleased to send you quotations for any of the above articles, and for anything else you may wish.

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Tel. 44. B. C. Cold Storage & Ice Co

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DON'T TAKE "JUST AS GOOD" FOR AN ANSWER

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LOOK FOR THE STAR ★

And the Name of

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SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS STORES.

NOTICE!! Some Unscrupulous Grocers may tell you "this is just as good" or "the same as M M ★." It is false. If your Grocer substitutes any other brand in place of M M ★, be honest and send it back.


## BIMETALLISM IN ENGLAND.

Many Conservatives Pledged Before Accepting Nomination.

London, July 25.—The Bimetallic league has shown increased activity during the past week. The committee have been in constant session since Monday. The league now occupies large offices in Cornhill, and its members are all delighted with the result of the general elections. The bimetallic workers in every district and in Wales circulated eight feet posters stating the nature of their propaganda and especially pointing out the attitude of Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the ex-chancellor of the exchequer, on the question. All these posters were published in Welsh. Secretary McNeill, talking over the situation with the representative of the Associated Press, said that most of the Conservative delegates were pledged to bimetallic principles before accepting the nomination. He added: "The complexion of the next parliament shows increased friendship for our views. In Wales they have not hitherto understood the difference between monometallism and bimetallism. But they won't accept Harcourt's views as law and gospel. Let me tell you, Sir William Harcourt is the individual who is responsible for the defeat of the Liberals. His ideas were narrow and bigoted, and it is generally conceded that he is not a financier. You may state as a fact that he has relied during his occupancy of the exchequer upon the financial views of a banker, Mr. Montague. When the matter was brought up last February, Sir William Harcourt was its most determined enemy in the cabinet. It is a significant fact that Mr. Shaw Lefebre, the late president of the local government board, publishes as the principal reasons for his defeat that many of the voters in his constituency withheld their support owing to his hostility to bimetallism. The cause is gaining ground rapidly in England. We lost a few Liberal friends, but this has been more than equalled by great Conservative gains."

### None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

### For Puget Sound Points.

The fast steamer Sehome, Chas. E. Clancy, master, leaves here every morning, excepting Sundays, at 9 o'clock for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with N.P. R.R. train for the east. Returning, she leaves Seattle at 10 p.m. daily excepting Sunday, arriving here at 6 a.m. Tickets at Northern Pacific R. R. office.

## WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

A Speculative Tendency in Stocks—A Very Large Advance in Prices.

New York, July 20.—The stock market is at the moment following the laws of speculation rather than those of investment. In all great fluctuations in the price of securities there are stages when the speculative element comes in as a legitimate and wholesome regulator. In the present upward movement, that stage has arrived; and prudent operators will recognize that the causes which have been carrying up prices at such a rapid rate must now be subject to test and check by expert operators versed in all the arts by which a speculative position can be attacked and weakened.

The salient points of the market are these: (1) Prices have already made a very large advance, and the holders of stocks could, as a rule, sell out at unusually handsome prices. It is therefor reasonable to suppose that some of them will realize upon at least a portion of their holdings, in case of persistent attack from the "bears." (2) Some large sales of "long" stock have already been made by shrewd "bull" operators, and it would be only expert tactics on their part to give aid and comfort to the enemy in its assaults upon the market, as a means of buying in again at a lower range of prices. (3) Apart from speculation, it may perhaps be fairly conceded that, upon the whole, the level of prices is well up to what is warranted by the last five months of improvement in conditions. (4) The prudent class of operators are likely to conclude that it would be dubious policy to buy at present in anticipation of future further improvement in conditions, or until at least the market has been so far tested as to show its intrinsic strength. (5) They are the more disposed to take this attitude of waiting because certain important factors incident to this season of the year are just now in a state of uncertainty. I here refer more especially to the conflicting reports about the cereal crops, and especially to the impossibility of forecasting the outcome of the great corn crop. These points of uncertainty are the more important because the present prices of stocks represent a sanguine interpretation of the crop prospects. (6) The expected early completion of the reorganization of bankrupt railroads suggests questions upon which there is some difference of opinion among professional operators. On the one side, it is maintained that these adjustments will excite a great deal of speculative activity, and an upward speculation in the securities thus restored to the market. On the other side, it is argued that, in order to operate in these restored stocks and bonds, the holders of other securities will have to sell out their present stocks; and those realizings, they reason, will have a tendency to check any advance from these anticipated new influences. On all these points there are differences of opinion; and it is those differences, in place of the hitherto unanimous "bull" feeling, that gives to the situation for the moment a tone of uncertainty and prepares the way for oscillations in prices.

Beyond these influences, there is another that is susceptible of much misrepresentation and of being made the cause of needless distrust. The period is approaching for the formal termination of the obligations on the part of the Loan Syndicate towards the government. That conclusion will leave the treasury with a stock of gold more or less in excess of the legal limit; but whether any provision of a more or less permanent nature will be made to protect the reserve against withdrawals of gold for export has not yet been formally made known. The reputation of the Syndicate and the large corporate undertakings to which its members have committed themselves in consequence of the recovery of confidence make it inconceivable that the great bankers should permit the treasury to lapse back towards its late embarrassments. The consequent suffering to the government and to the country and to our foreign credit, in the event of such a relapse, convey the strongest possible indirect assurance that the members of the Syndicate will yet find the means of guarding the treasury by some permanent form of protection. But there is always a class who, under circumstances that call for faith in honor and patriotism, are disposed to foster distrust and to suggest pessimistic apprehensions. The "bears" may be expected to follow such tactics at present; and there will be a class of timid, ignorant and disaffected people who are disposed to follow their lead, and the more so should they see gold factitiously exported in order to excite this sort of distrust. There is one fact, however, that will weigh more in the scales of common sense than all these "bear" arguments—namely, that since the Syndicate contract was undertaken parties to that contract have become sponsors for $100,000,000 of our securities which they have transferred to European investors, and are likely to still further augment those negotiations.

All things taken into consideration the situation is still one that calls for prudence in buying, at least until aggressiveness is transferred from the "bear" side to the "bull" side of the market.—Henry Clews.

## GOOD THING IN NAILS.

The Advance in Price of Iron Makes Iron Men Happy.

Nowadays, says the New York Herald, folks who sell iron go around with a pleased expression on their faces, if not a broad grin, for the last month or so business has been greater and livelier than at any other time in the last two years or so.

The only thing that worries them is the fear that the demand will increase so rapidly that prices will get too high, and so choke off trade, and a backset would be the worst thing possible.

Iron, as everybody knows, is the thermometer of general business. People watch its prices, and when times pick up iron goes along. But the increase in wages all over the country seems to have preceded the rise in the price of nails, for instance:—Since June 1 the price of nails has more than doubled. It was seventy cents a keg. Now it is $1.6.

There is one hardware merchant in Newark who made a nice little nest egg by reason of this. He had faith. He wasn't like the other fellows who ran along with as light a stock as they could for their retail jobbing trade. He bought 10,000 kegs of nails at seventy cents about six weeks ago, and now he wholesales them at $1.60, clearing at least $9000 on a $7000 investment, to say nothing of the comfort of knowing he was so much smarter than anybody else.

## THE CHURCH MURDERS.

Barrett Acknowledges the Crimes and Tells His Story.

Santa Cruz, Cal., July 25.—The man who surrendered himself to the sheriff here and claims to be the murderer of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams, gives his name as W. F. Barrett. He tells the following story:

Barrett went to the sheriff's office and said he did not want to see Durrant hanged for crimes of which he is innocent. He said he knew he would be found out sooner or later, so he resolved to surrender himself. District Attorney Lindsay was summoned and to him Barrett told a straight story. He said he was working at the Berlin restaurant on Folsom street, near Fourth, in San Francisco, when he saw Minnie Williams, Blanche Lamont and Durrant on a street car. Barrett says he immediately took a fancy to the girls and tried to make their acquaintance. He boarded the car. He says that when Durrant and the girls alighted he followed them. Durrant and Miss Lamont entered the church, Miss Williams remaining outside. Barrett then entered the church unseen and hid behind a pew. To stop the escaping gas Durrant went to the roof to stop the leak. Miss Lamont walked to the rear of the church. Barrett says he seized her and attempted to assault her. To prevent her screaming he choked her. She dropped limp and lifeless to the floor. Fearing Miss Williams would be a witness against him, Barrett says he crept up behind her and stabbed her with a knife he had taken from the restaurant. He says Durrant had been overcome by gas and was dazed. Barrett says to hide the crime he carried both bodies to the belfry. While in church he said he heard the organist, King, playing. After committing the crimes Barrett came to Santa Cruz, where he was employed a week as a waiter. He resembles Durrant slightly. He has been locked up pending an examination as to his sanity. He talks rationally. He is 26 years old and a native of San Francisco. He looks the picture of despair.

### Fibre Chamois vs. Buckskin.

The Canadian Fibre Chamois Co. have entered an action for an injunction and for $5000 damages against Boisseau & Co., the owners of La Cie Generale des Bazars, of St. Lawrence street, upon the alleged ground that the defendants have been infringing plaintiffs' trade mark by selling an interlining known as "Textile Buckskin," under the name of Fibre Chamois, and to purchasers asking for the latter. The plaintiffs also complain of a sign displayed in one of the windows of defendants' store, which, it is alleged, is calculated to deceive the public into buying what is called an imitation article under the belief that they are getting the genuine article. Plaintiffs are represented by Messrs. Macmaster and Maclennan, and will apply for an interim injunction.

## General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

| | |
|---|---|
| Allan Line, Mongolian | Aug. 3 |
| Allan Line, Numidian | Aug. 10 |
| Dominion Line, Vancouver | Aug. 3 |
| Dominion Line, Oregon | Aug. 3 |
| Beaver Line, Lake Ontario | Aug. 7 |
| Beaver Line, Lake Huron | Aug. 14 |

From New York.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cunard Line, Aurania | Aug. 3 |
| Cunard Line, Umbria | Aug. 10 |
| American Line, St. Louis | Aug. 1 |
| American Line, Berlin | Aug. 14 |
| White Star Line, Teutonic | Aug. 1 |
| White Star Line, Britannic | Aug. 14 |
| Red Star Line, Friesland | Aug. 7 |
| Red Star Line, Westernland | Aug. 21 |
| Nor. German Lloyd, Saale | Aug. 3 |
| Nor. German Lloyd, Aller | Aug. 6 |
| Anchor Line, Ethiopia | Aug. 10 |
| Anchor Line, Furnessia | Aug. 17 |
| Allan State Line, California | Aug. 3 |
| Allan State Line, Nebraska | Aug. 17 |

For rates and full information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S. S. Agent.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

# Mysteries of the HUMAN BRAIN!

The latest discovery in the scientific world is that nerve centres located in or near the base of the brain control all the organs of the body, and when these nerve centres are deranged the organs which they supply with nerve fluid, or nerve force, are also deranged. When it is remembered that a serious injury to the spinal cord will cause paralysis of the body below the injured point, because the nerve force is prevented by the injury from reaching the paralyzed portion, it will be understood how the derangement of the nerve centres will cause the derangement of the various organs which they supply with nerve force; that is, when a nerve centre is deranged or in any way diseased it is impossible for it to supply the same quantity of nerve force as when in a healthful condition; hence the organs which depend upon it for nerve force suffer, and are unable to properly perform their work, and as a result disease makes its appearance.

At least two-thirds of our chronic diseases and ailments are due to the imperfect action of the nerve centres at the base of the brain, and not from a derangement primarily originating in the organ itself. The great mistake of physicians in treating these diseases is that they treat the organs and not the nerve centres, which are the cause of the trouble.

The wonderful cures wrought by the Great South American Nervine Tonic are due alone to the fact that this remedy is based upon the foregoing principle. It cures by rebuilding and strengthening the nerve centres, and thereby increasing the supply of nerve force or nervous energy.

This remedy has been found of infinite value for the cure of Nervousness, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Paroxysms, Sleeplessness, Forgetfulness, Mental Despondency, Nervousness of Females, Hot Flashes, Sick Headache, Heart Disease. The first bottle will convince anyone that a cure is certain.

South American Nervine is without doubt the greatest remedy ever discovered for the cure of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and all Chronic Stomach Troubles, because it acts through the nerves. It gives relief in one day, and absolutely effects a permanent cure in every instance. Do not allow your prejudices, or the prejudices of others, to keep you from using this health-giving remedy. It is based on the result of years of scientific research and study. A single bottle will convince the most incredulous.

FOR SALE BY

Dean & Cryderman and Hall & Co.


## TENDERS WANTED.

### Alberni Farm for Sale.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B.C., as No. 14576B in charge book Vol. 11, fol. 889, tenders will be received by the undersigned not later than the 13th day of August, 1895, for the purchase of the farming lands known as lot 15, Alberni District, containing 152 acres, more or less. The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated 13th July, 1895.

LINDLEY CREASE,
Victoria, B.C., Solicitor for the Mortgagee.
j-13 1m

## Naval Contracts.

TENDERS will be received on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until 10 o'clock a.m. of Wednesday, 7th August next, for supplying such quantities of Biscuit, Soft Bread, Fresh Beef, Mutton and Vegetables, Sugar, Tea and Flour, Salt Beef, Firewood, Lumber and Lime as may be required for naval purposes; also Milk, Butter, Eggs and Fowls, Washing and Coffins, etc., for Naval Hospital; for one year certain from 1st October next.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be obtained at this office.

W. H. ROBB,
Naval Storekeeper, etc.

Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, July 22, 1895.
j24-1 Swgw


## RURAL HOUSE,

Saanichton Station, - V. & S. Railway.

This beautiful and healthy resort is now re-opened under the management of J. J. Gray. The accommodation this hotel affords is equal to any. Persons desiring a few days of quiet rest will find this a most charming retreat. Wines are of the best only.

## MADAME BUSHALL,

—AGENT FOR THE—

PATENT DAISY NEEDLE.

For making pin cushions, lambrequins for mantels, windows and pianos, banners, lamp mats, table and chair scarfs, sofa cushions, toilet sets, etc. Lessons given at Room No. 1, New York Hotel.

July 10-1m.

## PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses producing pure, healthy and painless menstruation. No ashes of pennyroyal or tansy. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Inexpensive. Three sizes. Ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no other. Sent by mail, sealed, on receipt of price. Avoid substitutes. Send for particulars mailed in sealed envelope. $1.25 per box. Address, CUTLER CHEMICAL COMPANY, Kalamazoo, Mich.

## GILT EDGE CREAMERY BUTTER.

## Eastern Pork & Provision Store,

NO. 13, CITY MARKET.

Having made arrangements with one of the best Creameries to handle their butter, have now on hand a choice lot in small tubs for family use. Prices low.

Good Dairy Butter ..... 15c., 17c., 20c.
Eggs ..... 15 to 20c., 25c., 30c.

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JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

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S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets, Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month. at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fitzwilliam streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard Street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 136

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S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale. Highest prices paid for household furniture.
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SOLID SILVER WALTHAM WATCHES, $8.50.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Quiet mare, suitable for any purpose; also harness. Apply 90 Pandora Ave. jy25-2t

FOR SALE—90 acres on the Kokstiah river, near McPherson's Station, 3 acres cleared, 7 acres slashed, chicken house and shed, cheap for $500. 70 acres adjoining the above, 2 roomed house, chicken house and sheds, 7 acres cleared, cheap at $550. A. W. More & Co, 70 Douglas street.

TRY MARSHALL'S Home-Made Bread. Delivered fresh daily. Full weight, 50 Broad St.

WANTS.

TAILORS AND CLOTHIERS about to engage a "cutter," please correspond. F. W. Hemming, Syracuse, N.Y. jy25-7

WANTED—Cash customers to buy tools of all kinds. Shore's hardwdre, 37 Johnson street.

WANTED HELP—Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $65 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write The World Med. Electric Co., P.O. Box 221, London, Ont., Canada. jc17-3m-d&w

TO LET.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—for housekeeping or single; ten minutes from post office. 63 Superior street. July9-tf.

TO LET—Nice Cottage, 5 rooms, bath, etc.; large lot; $8.50. also 3 four roomed cottages, $4, including water. Good place for chickens and cow. Apply 4 Clarke street, Spring Ridge. jy8-1m

TO LET.—Pretty cottage, five rooms and bath. Apply to Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. may27-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

STRAYED—From 149 Menzies street, on the 10th inst., a red Durham Cow. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to C. A. Goffin, at above address. je11-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

GILT EDGE BUTTER—12 1-2 to 25 cents. American Hams and Bacon at bottom prices. Co-operative Grocery, 19 and 20 City Market.

MEDIUM.

Are you in trouble? Do you need assistance and advice? If so call on Mrs. Dr. Mearchant. She gives valuable information on all business; can talk with your spirit friends, and for uniting the separated has no equal. Call and be convinced of her wonderful spirit power. Room No. 1, New York Hotel. jl4-1m


JULY.

| S. | M. | T. | W. | T. | F. | S. |
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| 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | | | |


THE TIMES FOR SALE

At the following places in the City:

Sampson's Bookstore,
Corner Douglas and Johnson streets.

Campbell's Cigar Store,
Corner Yates and Government sts.

P. O. Cigar Store,
Corner Courtney and Government sts.

Braund & Co.,
No. 62 Government street.

R. Jamieson,
Next to Post Office.

THE TIMES may be procured at above stores until a late hour each evening.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.


## FROM ITS FRIENDS.

The Bowell government has during the past month or two received plenty of tributes from its "candid friends." Ontario Conservative papers that did not feel themselves tied down by the "organic" bonds have not hesitated to assert that the government has pursued a suicidal course, as witness the quotations that have appeared in our columns. Now comes the Winnipeg Nor'wester, the leading exponent of Conservatism in the Northwest, with the following reflections:—

"Manitoba is but a small portion of the Dominion, but here at least the government have discredited themselves by their course in connection with the Hudson Bay Railway. Some time before parliament met they passed an order-in-council to advance by way of a loan a sum equal to the annual subsidy capitalized, to enable the company to proceed at once with the construction of the first section to the Saskatchewan. This required the ratification of parliament, but the pledge of the government was given in advance in order that advantage might be taken of the full season. Believing in the good faith of the government, the company set the contractors to work to make the necessary surveys and otherwise to prepare for active operations; but to the surprise of the whole country, and to the great embarrassment of those more immediately concerned, the order has been repudiated and faith broken with the company. This is a most serious violation of the principle of ministerial responsibility, and if adopted as a precedent is calculated to destroy public respect for and confidence in our system of parliamentary government. It is also the cause of most bitter disappointment to the people of Manitoba, who were led to hope that their expectations of a Hudson Bay railway were soon to be realized.

"It was intended that this session should deal finally with the school question, but as it has not done so another is to be called, the sixth of the same parliament. This itself is something extraordinary, a sixth session of a quinquennial parliament being a new thing in Canadian history. The extraordinary has been its chief characteristic throughout, not the least striking being the timid tenacity of ministers in the face of opposition, yielding to the storm in an apparent panic of fright, and yet holding to their purpose in the end as if in sheer despair of there being anything else to do."

## TOO MUCH MAJORITY.

It seems probable that the Salisbury government will suffer from an "embarrassment of riches." Majorities too large are a source of weakness, like majorities too small, and they are especially so in Britain. On one occasion when Disraeli was defeated by a very heavy Liberal majority he predicted the early dissipation of that majority on account of its topheaviness. Safety, he pointed out, lay in having no more than a good working force, which would be more likely to keep together in the face of an enemy. A larger one was sure to lose cohesiveness and become self-destructive. The event justified his prediction, and more than once like situations have been waited on by the same result. The present Unionist coalition is peculiarly apt to suffer from topheaviness because of the discordant elements of which it is composed. The Conservatives are numerous enough to be quite independent of the Chamberlain wing, and will be very likely to show before long that they "feel their oats." It is a well known fact that, notwithstanding the professions of cordiality on the part of the leaders, the old-time Tories both fear and hate "Brummagem Joe" and his pseudo-Radical following. The circumstances are eminently favorable for the cultivation of these feelings, and nothing less than a political miracle will prevent the discordance from breaking out into open rupture. Goldwin Smith, a shrewd observer who is also friendly to the Unionist cause, gives his opinion as follows:—

"Lord Salisbury's majority is, dangerously large, especially as it comprises two sections, the Tory and the Liberal-Unionists, which may split on such a question as disestablishment, though united in opposing dismemberment and confiscation. Lord Salisbury let his last majority of a hundred run to waste, and he turned into a minority at the next general election, without attempting to solve the political problems before him. With all his power as a speaker and skill as a diplomatist, he is not a good leader. He has no policy suited to the present day. He clings desperately to a hereditary house of lords and a state church, two things which nobody looking at the universal tendency of the civilized world can think it possible ultimately to maintain. To save those he has shown himself ready to daily even with socialism. The Duke of Devonshire would have been a better leader. He is infinitely more popular and would have a policy more adapted to the time."

## AS AN ILLUSTRATION.

The Colonist adopted an illustration unfortunate for its own cause when it likened the government to a fire brigade and the Manitoba school question to a burning building. Everybody knows that the government in dealing with the conflagration a few months ago said: "Let us turn on the Quebec hose and deluge the thing at once. That will do us a world of good in Quebec." Unfortunately the Haggart wing of the brigade objected to the cold douche to which they were treated in this flooding process, and their screams had the very sudden effect of shutting off the water. Then the Ouimet-Angers wing went into revolt, and a portion of it came back only after the majority had promised a renewal of the deluge within six months. In the meantime a small squirt of ink is to be kept playing as a forlorn hope. The Haggart-Wallace wing of the brigade in the meantime openly declares that it will do its best to prevent the hose being turned on again, as promised. And all the Tory howlers keep howling for Mr. Laurier to come to the rescue, not that they want him to put out the flames but because they hope he may be fool enough to get into the fire and perish, or at least get himself badly scorched. They seem too dense to realize that their appeals to him are a confession of their own failure. The Colonist has so far ventured from its usual line of proceeding as to reproduce the portion of Mr. Laurier's speech which we quoted yesterday. That is so far satisfactory, for it could not more effectually dispose of its own misrepresentations. We may point out in conclusion that while unstinted abuse of Mr. Laurier may give relief to the Tory politicians and organs in their dispair it will not save the government from deserved defeat.

## THE CUSTOMS SYSTEM.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell is playing his old trick on the board of trade in regard to the amendment of the customs blackmailing system, of which he is the author. It is only a few years since the board of trade urged similar reforms to those which it now urges upon the government. Sir Mackenzie, with that obstinacy which distinguishes him, for a time refused any amendment. Just before a general election came on, it was seen by the late Sir John Macdonald that the discontent in Montreal would tell against the government, and Sir Mackenzie Bowell was sent down to conciliate the board of trade. He held interviews with some of the officers and members of the board of trade in regard to the customs methods, and as a result made straight promises of amendment. The elections were held, and that was the last heard of Sir Mackenzie's promises. This session petitions from members of nearly all the boards of trade in Canada, including one which contains the signatures of nearly every wholesale and retail firm of importance in this city, demanding the appointment of a board of appraisers for the Dominion, who would carry out uniform ratings of duty at all ports, and the judicial settlement of charges of fraud against merchants, instead of the blackmailing system, were presented to the government. The other day, when a customs amendment bill was before the house, the controller declared that the petition of the board of trade of Montreal did not represent the trade of the Dominion, and, in effect, declared that no action would be taken upon it by the government. Since then new light has broken in upon the government, and now Sir Mackenzie Bowell has informed the senate that during the recess he will take into consideration one of the proposals of the boards of trade. This is another mere promise made in the prospect of a general election. A great many of Sir Mackenzie Bowell's own supporters in parliament believe that there will be no sixth session, but that a dissolution will take place. There never has been a sixth session of parliament since confederation. Sir Mackenzie has therefore thought it wise to do what he did before, make promises in view of the possibility of dissolution before parliament meets again. The board of trade, in view of their experience with the premier in the past, will rate his promises at their exact worth.—Montreal Witness.

## Canadian News.

Montreal, July 26.—In a drunken brawl James Hughes was beaten over the head by Fred Lapointe. Hughes cannot recover. Lapointe was arrested.

Winnipeg, July 26.—Returns are being received by the provincial department of agriculture which indicate the wheat yield this season to be between twenty-five and thirty million bushels.

Hamilton, July 26.—The body of Professor McGee, of Toronto University, drowned in Burlington Bay while bathing on Monday, was found yesterday.

—Warmth and vigor accompany good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti is a wonderful aid to digestion. Refuse imitations.

## VICTORIA AS A CHILD.

Reminiscences of Prof. Crouch, Composer of "Kathleen Mavourneen."

Professor F. Nicholls Crouch, composer of "Kathleen Mavourneen," recalls reminiscences of the younger days of Queen Victoria. He was an attache of the royal family, having been a member of the royal household band. Professor Crouch says he remembers Queen Victoria when she was a little girl seven or eight years old.

"The room in which the rehearsals of the band took place," he said, "was located so that persons from many apartments in the palace could enter it from all sides. Here Victoria and her cousins romped and played, and she was as free as any girl on the streets of Baltimore. She looked like a healthy country girl, pretty and innocent. Her mother was the most queenly woman that ever walked. The ladies of the household frequently came into the rehearsal room with the children and listened to the music. Victoria was very fond of music. Mrs. Henderson, a cousin of mine, who married George Henderson, a page in the royal family, was Victoria's teacher on the piano. Victoria studied faithfully, and was a fine performer on the piano when a girl. She was affable and extremely graceful.

"I continued as 'celloist in the Queen's band for some years, but the reform bill, passed in the early 30's, I think, abolished the private household band of the family. I located in Devonshire, but was summoned to London to play the 'cello at the coronation of Queen Victoria. Sir George Smart, who conducted, was knighted for his musical ability. The most striking scene at the coronation was the entrance at Westminster Abbey of the Duchess of St. Albans. She had formerly been an actress, had married Coutts, the banker, and after his death was wedded to the Duke of St. Albans. The press and the people discussed at great length whether she should be admitted to the coronation. She demanded her rights as a duchess, and consequently could not be debarred. She entered alone, and her magnificent stage effect and self-possession as she walked up an avenue of armies in file was one of the grandest sights of the day. The Duke of St. Albans was grand falconer of England, and the duchess was one of the most ladylike persons ever born.

"I was summoned to London again as a singer at the marriage of Queen Victoria to Prince Albert."

The professor came to America in 1849. He says he is 87 years old. His memory is stocked with incidents of his early life in England, and his subsequent life in this country, including his military service during the late war. He is engaged in writing his reminiscences, and frequently writes short poems. Prof. Crouch has composed a number of songs besides the world-famous air of "Kathleen Mavourneen."—Baltimore Sun.

## LEATHER IS VERY SCARCE.

Facts Disclosed by an Attempt to Supply the French Army.

Leather is so scanty and high of price just now in France that the minister of war is greatly perplexed over the question of how to secure the footwear for the great number of men which that nation keeps continually in readiness for its defence. Not only this, but a sufficient supply of leather for saddles, harness and other furnishings of the cavalry and artillery is lacking.

When the government invited bids recently for the equipment of the troops with shoes and horse furniture, the only contractors who dared to make an offer demanded so high a figure that their propositions were rejected, and those who have contracts to fill for these articles, are seeking every means possible to break them, fearing that ruin will be the result if they are compelled to carry out their agreements.

Hides, says the New York World, have doubled in price since the beginning of the present year. This unusual state of affairs in the leather trade was thought at first to be the result of a corner in the market, but it has since become evident that the remarkable scarcity in that commodity comes from a variety of simple and natural causes.

Three of the principal reasons for the dearth of leather are: The recent war between China and Japan, the many revolutions and bloody conflicts in the South American republics and the scarcity of fodder and pasturage owing to the unfavorable weather last year and the year before in the countries of the world from which the principal supply of hides comes.

As can readily be conceived, the poverty of pasturage is a potent factor in the decrease of the supply of cattle and of hides. The number of cattle this year which will furnish skins for the tanneries of the world has not reached anywhere near that of former years. Though the grazing lands are recovering from the effects of the long and severe droughts, which with the consequent fires, have killed much of the grass, it will be another twelve months, even under the most favorable conditions, before they can supply cattle in sufficient numbers to even partly meet the demand. This disproportion between the demand and the supply is being felt not only in France, but also in every other manufacturing country which depends upon the prairies and pampas of the western hemisphere for the supply of leather.

The catastrophes of the climate and of war in South America, although serious enough in themselves, would not alone have been sufficient to bring about the present state of affairs. It is the war between China and Japan which is more directly responsible for the dearth which now prevails. When war was declared, Japan placed large contracts in the United States for the equipment of its infantry and cavalry with footwear and other furnishings. To fill these promptly, the contractors in this country bought up nearly all the visible supply of leather suitable for that purpose.

Since the war closed Japan has sent new orders of equal importance to the merchants here for fresh supplies of shoes and military trappings, and the markets have been swept bare to fill them. The price of "green" hides has, therefore, risen so high that the tanners are buying as little as they can, and a large percentage of the tanneries throughout the world are closed.

In France especially the wholesale manufacture of shoes is in a deplorable state. Generally the product of one season is made up to sell the next, but owing to the high prices prevailing this year for the necessary raw material, a great number of the shoe factories are closing and throwing out of employment a large number of workmen.

An immediate and practical solution of the question seems impossible. The crisis has not yet been reached, and the ultimate outcome will be interesting to note.


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Seven years' experience in some of the largest cities in England, amongst the finest auctioneers in the world. Four years' experience here in Victoria, with a thorough practical knowledge of every branch of the business and of the values of every description of merchandise.

MONEY LOANED
on every class of chattels consigned for sale. We advise our clients in their own interests, to sell their goods at auction, as they get the full market price; but when an auction is not desired

WE BUY FURNISHED HOUSES FOR CASH,
or any bankrupt stock to any amount, at a moment's notice. We give the same personal attention to small sales that we do to large auctions. We endeavor always to be courteous to those attending our sales and to study their convenience. We make settlements same day, if desired. Our premises are the best appointed, most central and convenient in the city, and have been specially adapted to their present purposes by ourselves at a large expense. Have you any auction or confidential business? Come and see us. We handled nearly $100,000 OF OUR CLIENTS' MONEY IN 1894—that is the test. Terms the same as any other auctioneer of standing.
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Auctioneers Abreast of the Times.


## CAMPAIGNING IN MADAGASCAR.

Newspapers Not Well Represented at the Seat of War.

The Madagascar expedition has now begun in earnest, and already one-third of the distance to the capital has been covered by the French troops. Few or no details of what has been going on have, however, reached Europe. The chief reason of this lack of intelligence comes from the fact that the press is hardly represented at the seat of war. But four special correspondents have been allowed to follow the expedition, all of them belonging to the French press. Most of them are new to the work, and have never travelled outside of Europe. They arrived in Madagascar quite unprepared for a journey of this kind. Their outfit is defective. Not a single one of them came provided with horses, donkeys or porters, and some of them had to start for the interior without even a single boy. They had reckoned on being able to find everything on the spot, and were much disappointed at finding nothing. The few natives who were disengaged were asking exorbitant wages, and whereas I was paying my own men—Zanzibaris I had brought over with me—12s. per month, others could not find men at £2 per month. When I was at Majunga, not a single one of some servants I discharged would stop in the country, although they had liberal offers. They objected to serving masters who did not understand their language, and who did not seem to know anything about "safari," (travelling.) In order to represent a power effectually in Madagascar, it is necessary to be provided with a couple of horses, half a dozen donkeys, and at least forty porters. A boat ought also to have been secured, so as to be entirely independent of the expedition, not only for moving about, but also for sending news without delay. As it is, the correspondents are entitled to a Lefebvre cart between two of them, and to rations for one horse and one boy only. In case of accident to their cart, and these are frequent, they are crippled, to say nothing of the complete lack of independence. Only one of them has a horse, and the others will be compelled to walk; they rely, however, on the chance of finding native carriers, "when the natives come in." On the other hand, it shows great pluck on their part, especially as they suffer greatly from the climate. The scantiness of the funds the French correspondents dispose of seems incredible to one accustomed to the proceedings of the English press: £20 to £40 per month is the average amount paid by the French papers to their representatives, who have to draw their salary and pay their expenses out of this amount. Telegrams are unknown items to them. Discussing one day this question with some of the correspondents, I was astonished to hear their views. "Why should we send telegrams? said one. The Herald never sends all the news by wire, and with the exception of events such as a big battle, it matters little whether the news is published three weeks sooner or later."—Pall Mall Gazette.

"Your husband has lost his," said the caller.

"Yes," replied the little, wooden-looking woman; "he has been feeling very bad. I do my best to please him, but nothing seems to satisfy him."

"Is his condition critical?"

"It's worse than critical," she sighed, with a sigh; "it's absolute."

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

Poison Fly Pads.
Tanglefoot Fly Paper.
Disinfectants.

BOWES' DRUG STORE,
100 Government Street.
Next door to Hall & Goepel.

# LOCAL NEWS.

## Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Several small lots of California Bartlett pears were a few days ago condemned by Mr. E. A. C. Gibson of the agricultural department.

—On Monday evening in the [illegible]nial Methodist church the quarterly union meeting of the Epworth Leagues of the city will be held.

—There will be no lecture at this evening's meeting of the Sir William Wallace Society, but a free and easy good time will be indulged in.

—The closing meeting of the first Victoria Company, Boys' Brigade, will be held this evening in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. There will be an interesting programme and Rev. Canon Beanlands will address the boys.

—The semi-annual general meeting of the Victoria Building Society will be held in Pioneer hall, Broad street, on Wednesday, July 31st. The balance sheet and secretary's half-yearly report will be received and the 45th drawing for an appropriation will be held.

—There are at present more tourists in the city than at any one time this season. Last evening a Raymond party of 25, in charge of Cooledge Barnard, arrived from the east, and several smaller parties also came in. There are close upon 100 people at the Driard waiting to go to Alaska, and with the other guests the hotel is pretty well filled.

—J. W. Mackay, president of the Mackay-Bennett Cable Co., Charles R. Hosmer, general manager of the C. P. R. telegraph, and Mr. Mathews, a Philadelphia capitalist, who is interested in cable and telegraph companies, will arrive in the city this evening, having engaged rooms at the Driard. They are making a tour of the west, it is understood, with a view of extending telegraph lines.

—In the auditorium of St. Andrew's church, Douglas street, this evening, Rev. J. H. Rice, of Oakland, California, will deliver his celebrated lecture, "The Paradise of the Pacific," illustrated with 150 stereopticon views in the Hawaiian Republic. Mr. Rice has the latest apparatus for the display. The splendid set of pictures with which he is provided and the lecture will no doubt be of a very interesting character. The admission is 25 cents for adults and 15 cents for children.

—"In the face of war," is the title of the graphic narrative to be delivered by that most entertaining and gifted of story tellers, Mr. David Christie Murray, at A. O. U. W. Hall to-night, and there is no doubt that a large audience will be assembled to hear him. His recollections of the Russo-Turkish campaign are not over-weighted by the tragic horrors of war, and although many of the episodes he will recall are of an intensely exciting character, he finds a place for the lighter reminiscences of delicate humor and broad fun which seem to be inseparable from even the most sinister environment.

—At the Victoria theatre on Monday evening, "Jane," the queen of comedies, a title earned by its great success in the east, will be seen with Miss Anna Parker in the title role, assisted by players who made this comedy famous during its great run in New York city. "Jane" is taken from a French source. A wild young man who had property left him in case he marries, communicates in a fit of desperation, induced by debt, with his trustee, informing him that he is about to take unto himself a wife. His obligations are discharged and the payment of a regular income begins. Improvidence leads him into debt again, and he appeals for more money on the ground that his wife is extravagant. The trustee writes that he will visit London and remonstrate with the little woman. In his dilemma the young fellow induces Jane, his housemaid, who has just been secretly married to William, the man servant, to agree to pose as his wife during the old trustee's visit. The consequent deception of the old gentleman, the borrowing of a necessary baby, and the agony of the bridegroom, William, furnish the hilarious fun which follows.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—All kinds paint and paint brushes. Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson street.

—The fruit season is in full swing and our fruit jars are selling well. Weller Bros.

—The central office of the Victoria Telephone Company is being removed to-day to rooms in the Five Sisters block.

—First-class Monuments, Headstones and Cemetery Coping at very low prices at A. Stewart's, corner Yates and Blanchard streets.

—City Clerk W. J. Dowler is taking a holiday this week, and in his absence Deputy E. W. Bradley is in charge of the office. Mr. Dowler is at Salt Spring Island.

—The sports and games committee in connection with the agricultural society will meet at the city hall to-night. All members of the committee are requested to be present.

—There will be a special meeting of the city council this evening. Mayor Teague has a notice on the bulletin board calling it, but the object of the meeting is not known.

—A price may masquerade as cheap, but if it doesn't combine with it good quality and fair quantity, it is only the shadow of cheapness. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—The provincial police officers in the district have been ordered to see that the provisions of the noxious weeds act, as it refers to thistles, is carried out. Constable Campbell has warned a number of residents in his district, Esquimalt, and will be around to see others who have crops of the objectionable weeds.

—On Saturday, July 27, steamer Sehome will leave here at 6 a.m. instead of 9 a.m. for Port Townsend and Seattle, reaching Seattle at 1 p.m. Returning, she will not leave Seattle until 11:30 p.m., after performance at the theatre. From Port Townsend she takes the baseball team to Seattle to play a match game. Cheap round rates will be made from here to Seattle and return on that date.

—Somebody made a fire on the beach at Foul bay that had spread considerably this morning, destroyed a couple of fences and threatened some summer cottages. Chief Deasy was appealed to to-day and he sent a couple of men out armed with some hose. The present year is becoming nearly a record breaker as to bush and forest fires. A great amount of damage has been done and it can all be traced to carelessness on the part of campers and outing parties.

—When the time for receiving applications for the post of police constable closed at noon to-day Clerk Page, of the police commission, had received a total of twenty. Most of the applications are accompanied by credentials and letters of endorsement, and it will take an afternoon to go through them. Mayor Teague and Magistrate Macrae will very likely do some personal investigating before they make an appointment and it will be a couple of days before the name of the fortunate man is made public.

—The firemen complain that the bell of the First Presbyterian church is rung at unseemly hours, probably by boys, and that it is the cause of considerable annoyance. It rang at 9:30 o'clock last night and Chief Deasy came over from Rock Bay on the run, and several of the call men turned out. The bell, when sounded rapidly, very closely resembles the fire bell. The firemen do not wish to give any offense to the people of the church or stop the ringing of the bell, but believe that boys are responsible for its being sounded at unseasonable hours.

—It is understood that Chief Justice Davie has reserved a point for reference to the full court as to whether he had jurisdiction in the case of Robt. Blythe, who was convicted on the charge of abducting Belle Rockwood, of Point Hadlock, Washington. When the case was being heard the question arose, some being of opinion that as Miss Rockwood's home was on the other side of the line Blythe could not be tried here. The chief justice adjourned the court for half an hour to look up the authorities and after doing so declared that the offence was committed here. The full court will probably consider the matter within the next few days.

—A large number of Workmen and their friends turned out last evening for the public reception tendered to Grand Master Budlong in A. O. U. W. Hall. An interesting and instructive evening was spent. Addresses were delivered by the Grand Master, Bro. Spragge and Rev. Dr. Campbell. The latter spoke chiefly of the Degree of Honor branch, which he said was an able assistant to the main order. The tableaux were very pretty. "The Rivals" were represented by Miss Warren, Mrs. G. Moss and Mr. Geo. Stelly, "Hope" by Miss Whitelaw and the dying nun by Miss Warren, Miss Whitelaw and Mrs. Moss. Miss C. Cameron contributed a guitar solo and a vocal solo and there were songs by Messrs. Pilling, Lang, Sehl, Grizzelle, Keith and Mrs. Dudgeon. There was club swinging by Misses E. Young, R. Maynard, M. Catterall and E. Porter and bagpipes selections by Mr. Anderson. Mr. Gawley recited. The reception was voted a complete success. This evening at 7 o'clock the grand master will institute a new Degree of Honor lodge and later he will atend a joint meeting of Sullivan and Vancouver lodges. To-morrow he leaves for home.

We Credit Everybody with good judgment in coming to our "Mark Down Sale," where you can get goods at your own price. Partridge, 80 Yates street.

$3 PER DOZ. CABINETS
For one Month only, at
SKENE LOWE'S,
89 Government St.

—The B. C. B. G. A. band will play a complimentary concert at Beacon Hill park on Saturday evening. The programme prepared is a very good one.

—News was received last evening by Supt. Hussey that there had been some trouble at Fort George, in the Cariboo country, between three white men and four Indians. No particulars were given, and as Fort George is a long way from a telegraph line, it may be a long time before anything is heard. Supt. Hussey wired Mr. Stephenson, the magistrate at Quesnelle, to investigate the matter and take what steps he thought necessary.

—From information received it is now almost certain that Richard Carter, of Comox, who disappeared from Nanaimo about June 14th, has gone to England. On that day Carter, who had come down from Comox on the Joan, bought a ticket at the E. & N. railway office for Victoria. He did not take the train, and nothing was heard of him for some time. His father was of the opinion at the time that he had been foully dealt with, but has since satisfied himself that his son went to England.

—The garden party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Vernon yesterday afternoon was such a success that it was decided to continue it to-day from 3 to 6 o'clock. There is another very good crowd in attendance, and the afternoon is being passed very pleasantly. The proceeds yesterday amounted to over $200, which will prove a welcome donation to the funds of the P. O. Home. Mrs. Vernon and the ladies who assisted are to be thanked not only for their work in the cause of charity, but for providing a very pleasant entertainment.

—There is a peculiar situation as to a little matter in connection with the water works contract. It is provided in the specifications that the city shall furnish Walkely, King & Casey with the rock crusher for service in crushing rock at Beaver Lake and that the same shall be returned in a good state of repair. It now develops that the crusher is badly in need of repairs, and is useless as it stands. It will cost over $400 to fix it up and the question arises who is to pay for the repairs? However, it will probably be held that a rock crusher in no condition to work does not come up to the requirements of the specifications.

## ANOTHER TEST TO-NIGHT.

### Electric Light Plant to be Tried Again —Defects of the System.

The second test of the engines and machinery at the city electric light station will take place to-night by arrangement between the William Hamilton Manufacturing Company and the city's representatives. The test will start at 9:30 o'clock and will consist of a run of five hours. The aldermen have all been notified of the intended trial, and it is expected that they will all be present. They will no doubt take occasion to examine the defects in the plant pointed out by Chairman Bragg of the electric light committee and Superintendent Hutcheson. The latest complaint is that the space around the dynamos is so cramped and the belting so close together that it is unsafe for the attendants to work around among them.

Superintendent Hutcheson is quoted as saying that it would take $500 to put the plant in a condition satisfactory to him. He resents being blamed every time a lamp goes out anywhere, as the lamps are of an inferior quality. It is improbable, however, that anything will be done toward making any material improvements by the present council, as there are no funds available for the purpose. Considerable interest attaches to the present test, as the plant on a former occasion failed to come up to requirements.

### Law Intelligence.

Justices Crease, Walkem and Drake to-day sat on appeal from a county court judgment of Judge Bole, of Vancouver, in the case of Teetzel vs. Brenchley. The plaintiff sold a piano in 1892 to the defendant, taking 25 notes of $10 each and an old piano, for which he allowed defendant $200. Fault was found with the new piano and another was substituted, which the defendant claimed was rusty and not in good condition. The plaintiff sued on notes and defendant counter-claimed for damages. At the trial the only issue submitted to the jury was as to whether or not the second piano, when delivered, was in good condition. The jury found that it was, and the trial judge gave judgment in favor of plaintiff on the notes, but allowed defendant $100 on the counter-claim. The plaintiff appealed from the judgment as to the counter-claim on the ground that the judgment did not follow the verdict. The court allowed the appeal with costs, both of trial below and of appeal. Mr. A. E. McPhillips for appellant and Mr. L. P. Duff contra.

—The big freighter Evandale, of the Northern Pacific line, arrived from the Orient this afternoon. She was fast to the wharf at 3:30 o'clock, but at 4 o'clock the quarantine officer's inspection of the vessel had not been completed. The Evandale has a record-breaking cargo of freight, consisting as it does of 7100 tons of freight, made up mostly of tea. She took most of her cargo in China, receiving only 400 tons in Japan.

—George Hewson, a porter, was given in charge of Constable Palmer this afternoon by Vincent Cave, charged with stealing $15 from William Jensen, of the Hotel Dallas. The matter will come up for hearing in the police court in the morning.

English Malt Vinegar, from Cross & Blackwell, in draft and bottle
Cross & Blackwell's Mixed Pickles, Girkins, Chow-Chow, Piccalilli.
Morton's (in self-sealing bottles) Mixed Pickles, Chow Chow, Onions, Girkins.
Blue Label Tomato Ketchup.
A good Canadian Pickle at 20c. per bottle.
A good Canadian Worcester Sauce at 15c. per bottle.
Jersey Butter in 10 lb. tubs and Island Butter in 1 lb. rolls.

HARDRESS CLARKE'S CASH GROCERY,
Yates Street, Corner of Douglas.

# SENSATION IN WESTMINSTER

### Locksley Hall Lucas Arrested on Two Very Serious Charges —Bail Refused.

### Comox Half-Breed Dies From the Result of Blows Inflicted During a Row.

New Westminster, July 26.—The sensation of the hour is the arrest of Locksley Hall Lucas, at one time noted as an anti-Chinese agitator in Vancouver and later as a government campaign orator in Delta riding during the provincial elections last year. Lucas was arrested this morning on two warrants charging him with the seduction of his wife's sister at Ladner's Landing on the 1st of February last, and with administering a noxious drug to the girl two months later when it was found she was enciente. The unfortunate girl is under 16 years of age. Her name is Katie Bushby and she resides with her parents in Blaine, but was on a visit to her sister at Ladner's when the alleged offence occurred. Mrs. Lucas at the time being close upon her accouchement. The case will be heard on Monday, bail being refused. Lucas is the author of the fairly clever drama "Cleared," and claims aristocratic connections in England.

Jimmy Mitchell, a Comox half-breed, died this morning while being carried on board the steamer Edgar at Steveston to be brought to this city for a surgical operation. Two years ago Mitchell, his wife (an Indian woman), his brother George and an Indian named Frank, left Comox in a canoe for Nanaimo. Before leaving Jimmy Mitchell procured a bottle of rum and on the way down they drank it and Frank quarrelled with Jimmy's wife. Jimmy took his wife's part and the quarrel continued until they landed on the beach for the night. Shortly after landing Jimmy and Frank came to blows and Frank picked up a stone and struck Jimmy several times on the head with it, knocking him senseless. He recovered consciousness, and the next day the trip was continued to Nanaimo and then to the Fraser for fishing. Jimmy suffered very acute pains in the head, but got to work fising and continued in this employment a few days, when the pains became almost unbearable and he took to bed. On Monday he lost consciousness and remained almost continually in that condition till last night. When Dr. Robinson, of Steveston, was called in. The doctor found that the skull had been fractured and pieces of it were pressing on the brain. If he could be got to the city to have an operation performed to relieve the pressure his life might be saved, the doctor said, and the authorities ordered Jimmy to be brought to town this morning. Just as he was carried aboard the steamer he expired.

## A DEACON AND A HORSE.

### They Found They Could not Always Agree.

"Deacon Penguin," said Col. Calliper, "had a farm on the outskirts of Storkville Center, Vt. He raised considerable truck and he was at the Center most every day; in fact, he and his horse and wagon were about as familiar as any objects in Main street, and in 1852 something happened that drew attention to them more than ever," quotes the New York Sun.

"In that year the deacon bought a new horse, a big, gaunt, gray horse, which he called Billy. The gray wasn't a handsome horse, but he was good and strong, and the deacon got him pretty cheap, so he was satisfied. But the second day he drove him to the village something disagreeable happened. When the deacon came out of a store where he had been leaving some vegetables he found Billy lying down. That was unpleasant; it isn't nice to have a horse that lies down when you are driving him. Deacon Penguin got him up after a good deal of trouble and drove him home. The next day the horse lay down again, and the next, and then it was discovered that he had the habit of lying down, which the horse dealer of whom Deacon Penguin had bought him had forgoten to mention when he sold him to Deacon Penguin.

"The next day when the deacon drove along Main street, the people saw around the body of the big gray horse a broad canvas belt, and when the horse drew up by the curbstone at the store where he generally stopped first they saw sticking up from the top of this belt alongside the saddle of the harness a stout iron ring. Sticking out of the rear of the deacon's wagon were three or four timbers; and what these things were for was very soon seen. The deacon had not got much more than into the store before the horse lay down as usual.

"When the deacon came out he went round to the rear of the wagon and pulled out the timbers. He set them up over the horse. They made a sort of gallows frame—two uprights with a crossbeam between. Right in the middle of this crossbeam on the under side was a stout iron eye. The deacon went back to the wagon after he had set up this derrick and reached under the seat and pulled out a tackle, one block of which he hooked to the eye in the crossbeam while the other block he hooked into the ring in the belt. Then he carried the free end of the rope from the upper block along to a block attached to one of the uprights then down to and around a drum, to which was attached a handle.

"By the time the Deacon had got his derrick rigged, it seemed as though all Storkville Center and the surrounding population were standing on the sidewalk and in the street watching him, and when he set taut the tackle, and the frame began to crack with the horse's weight, the interest was something tremendous. Slowly but surely he raised the big gray horse until he had him on his feet again. When Billy's feet touched the ground he gave up. The deacon unhocked the tackle and carried it back and put it under the seat again, and then he took down the derrick and stowed it in the wagon.

"But the next day the same performance was all gone through with again. It would seem as though Billy ought to have known better. Of course, he knew that the deacon was bound to get him up every time, but he was mulish about that one habit. He wouldn't give it up. And some people said the deacon was mulish, too; he was certainly a very persistent, patient man. He kept the derrick in his wagon always; never unloaded it. He was ready for Billy any time, and whenever he came to town Billy was sure to lie down, and the deacon to raise him.

"For a week or ten days the deacon's derrick was the most interesting thing in Main street; a crowd gathered every day to see him lift Billy up; and I suppose that, all things considered, the lifting of Billy, which was conducted in that way for eight years, was really the most astonishing thing that had ever happened in Storkville Center. But after a week or two people paid scarcely any attention to it. The deacon got to be very expert at getting the horse on his feet, and people, that is, Storkville Center people, paid no more attention to it than they would to a man rolling a barrel of flour into a wagon on a pair of skids. But it was always of interest to strangers; the stranger who happened to see old Deacon Penguin getting old Billy on his feet again was pretty sure to think and to say that it was the most curious thing he'd ever seen.

"Well, this thing went along until the fall of 1869, which was the year they had the great flood in Storkville Center. There was a little brook running through Deacon Penguin's farm, right back of the barn in which old Billy was stalled. Nobody ever dreamed of this little stream ever being anything more than a brook in any kind of weather, but in the great flood it rose to be a torrent, and it carried away the old barn and old Billy down into the larger stream that runs through Storkville Center. The big gray was never heard of in Storkville Center again and so nobody could tell how that struggle between him and the deacon might have finally ended."

## PERSONAL.

R. V. Winch is down from Vancouver.

E. P. Davis, Q.C., of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

Gus. Leiser arrived home on the Sehome this morning.

Louis Garesche is quite sick at St. Joseph's hospital.

Mrs. Geo. L. Courtney and Mrs. Reed are visiting in Portland.

Mrs G. A. Walkem leaves for California on Saturday evening.

Hon. Mr. Justice Drake returned from the Mainland last evening.

Morris Gutman returned from the Sound on the Sehome this morning.

Mrs. S. Leiser and master Leiser returned this morning from a visit to the Sound.

J. Rosenberger was among the passengers for Victoria on the Sehome this morning.

Francis W. James, Mrs. C. Pontius and Mrs. B. J. Moody, of Port Townsend, are registered at the Driard.

Capt. H. M. Lloyd and Capt. T. W. Gaster, Puget Sound pilots, and R. G. Penn, U.S. immigration agent, are at the Oriental.

"I wish to ask your permission to pay my addresses to your daughter," said the old-fashioned young man.

"All right," said the old gentleman. "If I can get her permission to give you permission, go ahead."

Miss Fort—I like Jones, but you see he's so absent-minded.

Miss Flirt—How so?

Miss Fort—Why, the other night he said, "I've a mind to kiss you," and because I said nothing, he forgot all about it.

—To correct any phase of indigestion and build up the system use Adams' Tutti Frutti. Don't take imitations.

"La Fayette" Cigarettes, 5c.

# A GREAT PROJECT RECALLED

## The Telegraph Line Through British Columbia, Alaska and Siberia.

### Enormous Cost of the Work Done—Abandoned When Cable Was Laid.

A dispatch was published several weeks ago to the effect that the Canadian Pacific Telegraph Company contemplated reoccupying the old telegraph line running through the Cariboo country, and under construction thirty years ago, when it was proposed to connect Europe with America by an overland line. More recently another dispatch stated that the Western Union proposed rebuilding the abandoned line to connect with Sitka, Juneau and the Yukon. There may be something behind these reports, and the presence on the Coast of J. W. Mackay and C. R. Hosmer, of the Postal Cable Company, who leave on the Alaska steamer to-morrow on what is said to be only a pleasure trip to Sitka, will give some color to these stories. The dispatches referred to recalled to a writer in the Seattle Times some of the facts connected with the early history of that enterprise, and with which the pioneers of British Columbia are quite familiar.

Thirty years ago the civilized world was fervently talking about this line, which was part of a scheme of the Western Union to build 21,000 miles of telegraph lines reaching from New York to St. Petersburg, via Seattle and Behring sea. The line was abandoned in the spring of 1866, when it was known that the trans-Atlantic cable was a success, for by that means the two continents were connected by wire only three thousand miles in length, while the scheme being worked by the Western Union necessitated the building of 21,000 miles.

There were several ships and schooners in the fleet employed, and all were engaged in the same business. The employees all wore uniforms and deported themselves in regular military style. The ship Nightingale was the flagship of the squadron.

It will be recalled that the telegraph line was extended over 900 miles northeast of Westminster into the heart of an unexplored country. The preliminary surveys, the exploration parties and the actual construction of this line cost upwards of $11,000,000. Although thirty winters have passed since the scheme was abandoned, the poles and the wires have stood, and recent examinations resulted in the discovery that much of the wire is still stretched and can be easily put in working order. The great cost of this work was increased by the ample provision for the future which the company made in the shape of supplies sent into the country, hundreds of thousands of tons of wire, all kinds of construction implements, weapons, etc., having been distributed along the route.

The company made just as extensive preparations on Behring sea, in northern Alaska and in Siberia. It was the scheme to span Behring straits by means of a cable, the distance being short and found practicable. The overland telegraph line was to extend to Cape Prince of Wales, on this side of the sea, and, crossing the straits, connect the Siberian shore at Plover Bay. From Plover Bay inland there is now about 350 miles of poles erected, with wires stretched reaching across the snowy land visited only by an occasional polar bear, a few reindeer, and perhaps crossed at intervals by bands of travelling Esquimaux, who have always looked with awe upon the mysterious monuments of human ingenuity. From Fort Clarence, south of Cape Prince of Wales, and extending about 200 miles southward, is another 200 miles of poles and wire utterly useless for commercial purposes. The line was so well constructed, however, that it is believed to be in good condition even now.

The history of the building of these lines and the commencement of a work that would encircle the world by wire will always be read with interest. The attempt to lay the first Atlantic cable was a failure. For ten years the matter was unsettled and the Western Union Telegraph Company's Russian extension was organized, being a separate company, but having the same stockholders as the parent company. Millions of dollars were spent in setting men at work and securing satisfactory routes and in sending out exploring parties, and finally the great work was commenced on a gigantic scale. Early in the spring of 1866 word was flashed over the world that the second Atlantic cable was a complete success, and at the same time the Russian extension was abandoned. As an illustration of the great loss suffered, it is sufficient to mention that on this extension of this old time telegraph line the cost of transportation of materials and supplies of all kinds equalled $1 a pound. The materials were abandoned and the supplies were sold to the Hudson Bay trappers for one cent per pound.

It was this great venture that afforded George Kennan, the noted lecturer and magazine writer, information and materials which have since made him wealthy and famous, and have given him a place in the literature of America. He was with the party that worked from St. Petersburg across Siberia to Behring sea, locating a route for a railroad as well as a route for the telegraph line.

Among the other prominent men on this expedition were Ed. Conway, Geo. Frost, George W. Maynard, Henry W. Elliot, H. M. Bannister, Stephen D. Field, Dr. Rothrock, Dr. Dall, Ralph W. Pope, Franklin L. Pope, John I. Sabin, Richard J. Bush and Rudolph Yates.

In your blood is the cause of that tired, languid feeling. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes it rich, red blood and gives renewed vigor.

EVEN A SOAKING

can't ruin the style and stiffness of your dress if

FIBRE CHAMOIS

is the INTERLINING. It has a natural stiffness which defies dampness or crushing and always ensures style and grace of outline.

Some merchants may tell you something similar to FIBRE CHAMOIS is "just as good," because there is more profit in it. Insist on having the genuine with the NAME ON EVERY YARD.


## A CHECKERED CAREER.

### The Eventful Life of the Late M. Stambuloff.

Stefan Nicolof Stambuloff, who for years held a power in Bulgaria superior to that of the reigning prince himself, was still a comparatively young man at the time of his assassination. He was but 42 years of age. A more eventful life than his has been it would be hard to conceive of. Praised to the skies at one period by his countrymen, and stoned and jeered by them at another; called the "Bismarck of the Balkans" one day and a trickster and a traitor the next; loaded with honors and then accused of murder.

Whatever place history may eventually assign to him, it is undeniable that for years past he has played as prominent a part as any man in the political affairs of the southeastern portion of Europe.

He was born at Tirnova in 1853, and was destined by his parents for an ecclesiastical career. He was sent to the great seminary at Odessa for the study of theology. There was more war than peace in the air at that time, and vastly more ambition than piety in the nature of the young man. The uprising in Bosnia and Herzegovina furnished him an opportunity for the exercise of a military instinct, and the character of the conflicts which subsequently raged throughout Eastern Europe rapidly developed his genius for plotting and scheming.

During the Russo-Turkish war of 1877-78 his sword was drawn in the service of Russia. Since then his genius has been more successfully directed against Russian aggression than that of any man in Europe. It may almost be said that for years in Bulgaria he held the Russian empire at bay single-handed. His wonderful career began after Alexander I. was chosen Prince of Bulgaria. Although a very young man, he became one of the chiefs of the Liberal party in Bulgaria. The conspiracy against Prince Alexander furnished him with his first great opportunity. That was in 1886. The revolutionary party, under M. Zankoff, immediately upon the overthrow of the prince, formed a revolutionary government, but almost in a day it was overturned by a counter government in which the plotter Zankoff had no part, but of which Stambuloff with Col. Moutkouroff and M. Karaveloff were the ruling spirits. Prince Alexander was invited to resume his rule, but lacking the courage of Stambuloff and fearing the hostility of Russia, the weak-kneed prince abdicated, and Stambuloff and his two party associates were made regents.

From the instant of his accession to power he led a brave and constant opposition to the meddling by Russia with Bulgarian affairs. It was maintained through the influence of Stambuloff that Prince Ferdinand of Saxe-Goths was elected on July 4, 1887, by the sobranje of Bulgaria to the place vacated by Prince Alexander. From that time until the retirement of Stambuloff from the ministry, in May, 1894, if the prince was not merely a puppet in the hands of his prime minister contemporary history has done him an injustice.

In repeated conspiracies that were raised against Prince Ferdinand, it was recognized that the attacks were directed more against the prime minister than against his master. Stambuloff himself, at all events, seemed conscious of this fact, and his watchfulness for plots against the prince was an instinct of self-preservation. He knew no hesitation in dealing with these plotters. A notorious conspiracy was that of Major Janitza, in February, 1890. Panitza was tried, convicted and sentenced to be shot. Prince Ferdinand, in response to protests from all sides, was in favor of sparing the man's life; but Stambuloff insisted that he should die—and he did. The action, however, was not without the result of stirring a bitter feeling and rousing many enemies against the "Man of Iron," as Stambuloff was called.

Further bitter feelings was caused by the murder, in March, 1891, of M. Beltchess, Bulgarian minister of finace, who was out walking with Stambuloff when he was stabed and killed. It was generally believed at that time that the murderer intended to kill Stambuloff, and that in the dark he mistook Beltcheff for the premier. But recently people, including Mme. Beltcheff, widow of the murdered minister of finance, have raised the question of Stambuloff's guilt in the case. Early this year a warrant for his arrest was issued and addressed to Col. Marinoff, commander of the town. The colonel declined to take the serious step of arresting Stambuloff without orders from the ministry of war, and in consequence the warrant was not carried into effect.

The cause of this inaction by the ministry of war is said to have been the fact that several representatives of the great powers made energetic protests, describing the contemplated arrest of Stambuloff as an act of political persecution, and calculated to diminish the respect with which Bulgaria is regarded by civilized Europe.

In May of last year the Stambuloff government resigned, and soon afterwards a parliamentary commission was appointed to inquire into the acts of the Stambuloff regime from 1887 to 1889. It was asserted that irregularities and even violations of the law would be brought to light, but the friends of the ex-premier replied that if these irregularities had not been committed, Bulgaria would by this time have been a Russian province.

Soon after the resignation of the Stambuloff ministry it was reported that he had offered to form an alliance with Zankoff, whom he had years before overthrown. Certain it is that, despite the vast service he rendered in keeping the claws of the Russian bear from Bulgaria, Stambuloff was believed by thousands to be the public enemy of his country. On the occasion of his final call upon Prince Ferdinand, after his resignation, the populace hooted at him, and hurled stones at the carriage in which he rode. Attempts upon his life have not been infrequent.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—The best assortment of pocket cutlery at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson.


When?

Your husband will notice a great improvement in your cooking, *when*

You use COTTOLENE

Your house will not be filled with the odor of hot lard, *when*

You use COTTOLENE

Your doctor will lose some of his Dyspepsia cases, *when*

You use COTTOLENE

Your children can safely eat the same food as yourself, *when*

You use COTTOLENE

Your money will be saved, and your cooking praised, *when*

You use COTTOLENE

Famous cooks, prominent physicians and thousands of everyday housekeepers endorse it. Will you give it a trial?

Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers.

Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.



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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria .....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street. apl25



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GREAT NORTHERN

Shortest and Quickest Line

..TO..

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Chicago, New York, Boston, And all U. S. Points,

..ALSO TO..

Toronto, Hamilton, Montreal, Quebec, And All Eastern Canadian Points.

Daylight Run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains.

...The Grandest Scenery...

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SUPERB BUFFET, ELEGANT DINING, PALACE SLEEPING AND COSY TOURIST CARS.

The magnificent twin steamships NORTHWEST and NORTHLAND leave Duluth every Monday and Friday for the "Soo," Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo, in connection with the Great Northern Railway. Have your tickets read via Northern Steamship Company, and enjoy a delightful ride, free from heat and dust.

For tickets, etc., see

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—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
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St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

| SPEED 18 knots | Victoria Route. S.S. "City of Kingston." | | | | | TONNAGE 1147 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 30 pm | Lv | 32 | ... | *Victoria... | 110 Ar | 4 30 pm |
| 11 45 pm | Lv | 35 | Pt. Townsend | | 72 Lv | 1 30 pm |
| 3 00 am | Lv | 60 | .... | Seattle.... | 38 Lv | 10 15 am |
| 4 45 am | Ar | 110 | .. | *Tacoma... | 1st Lv | 8 00 am |

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

*Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Or.

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Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco,

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, August 3rd, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New Steel Steamer Mariposa, Thursday, Aug. 22, at 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.

FOSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory



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NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.50 p.m.

Commencing January 6th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays Trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:00 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:50 p.m. same days.



TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 24.

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| North Bound, Read Up. No. 1 Pass. Daily. | North Bound, Read Up. No. 3 Pass. Sat. St. | STATIONS. | South Bound, Read Down. No. 2 Pass. Daily. | South Bound, Read Down. No. 4 Pass. Sat. St. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ar 3 30 pm | Ar 8 30 pm | Victoria | Dp 8 00 am | Dp 1 00 pm |
| 3 18 | 8 18 | Esquimalt | 8 18 | 1 18 |
| 3 13 | 8 13 | Duntsmuir | 8 23 | 1 23 |
| 3 08 | 8 08 | Cobble Hill | 8 28 | 1 28 |
| 2 58 | 7 58 | Shawnigan Lake | 8 38 | 1 38 |
| 2 53 | 7 53 | Goldstream | 8 43 | 1 43 |
| 2 48 | 7 48 | Summit Siding | 8 48 | 1 48 |
| 2 43 | 7 43 | Jeffers | 8 53 | 1 53 |
| 2 38 | 7 38 | Deborah | 8 58 | 1 58 |
| 2 33 | 7 33 | Duncan | 9 03 | 2 03 |
| 2 23 | 7 23 | Somenos | 9 13 | 2 13 |
| 2 18 | 7 18 | Westholme | 9 18 | 2 18 |
| 2 13 | 7 13 | Chemainus | 9 23 | 2 23 |
| 1 53 | 6 53 | Oyster Bay Siding | 9 43 | 2 43 |
| 1 48 | 6 48 | Oyster Bay | 9 48 | 2 48 |
| 1 43 | 6 43 | Nanaimo | 9 53 | 2 53 |
| 1 18 | 6 18 | Wellington | 10 18 | 3 18 |
| Ar 12 00 m | Ar 5 00 pm | | Lv 7 45 am | Lv 12 45 pm |

On Saturdays and Sundays

Cheap Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all points, good to return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for 15 days, including day of issue.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents at Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.



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TAKE THE

CANADIAN AND SOO-PACIFIC ROUTE . . .

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

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Minneapolis, St. Paul, Omaha, Kansas City Toronto, Chicago & Montreal

Running through sleepers and upholstered Tourist cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

For rates and all information apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria.

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.



CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect June 21st, 1895.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Luis Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.



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UMATILLA, - - JULY 27

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AT COST! STRAW HATS BOATING AND TENNIS SUITS B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters. 97 Johnson St.

# BRITISH COLUMBIA.

### NANAIMO.

Nanaimo, July 26.—Dr. Davis, coroner, held an inquest at Wellington yesterday touching the death of Victor Hill, who was killed in No. 5 shaft. The evidence went to show that the deceased was walking in front of a car, speeding up an incline, when he suddenly fell, and before he could rise the car passed over his neck, killing him instantly. The jury returned the following verdict: "We, as a jury sitting in the case of Victor Hill, hereby agree that the said party met his death accidentally. We recommend that the officials of the mines warn pushers not, in any case, to run before loaded boxes."

Ald. Place has acknowledged the sum of $16 from the committee who had the management of the lecture recently given by D. C. Murray.

Miss Seaton, a daughter of Mrs. Seaton of Nicholl street, has lost her reason and is now in a pitiable condition. Application has been made for her admission to the provincial asylum but the reply is that it is already overcrowded. Mr. J. McGregor, M.P.P., will endeavor to obtain the assistance of the attorney-general in the case, as the young girl is not in a fit condition to be left without proper care.

### VANCOUVER.

The Board of Trade will write to Ottawa with a view of hastening the improvements on the Fraser river. The board will ask the customs department at Ottawa to remove the duty on net cord.

The missing man Freeman, of Nanaimo, who has been worried over so much, is not drowned. He was discovered at the Baldwin hotel to-day the worse of liquor.

## BURNING OF A FOUNDRY.

### Plant of the Point Ellice Iron Works Destroyed Last Night.

The foundry of the Point Ellice Iron Works was almost entirely destroyed by fire last evening. The stock of the foundry was about all destroyed and only the frame of the building, burned and charred beyond all usefulness, remains. The alarm came in by bell and telephone shortly after 7 o'clock, and although the men made a good run to the district the fire had gained such headway when they arrived that they knew it was doomed. The first line was run from Henry and Turner streets, where a hydrant had just been placed, and another from Bridge and John streets, 1200 feet away. It was useless to try and save the foundry, then completely enveloped, and the fight of the firemen was to prevent a spread to the adjoining shops and factories. A boat house afloat just below the doomed building took fire and the men waded out into the water to get their line to it. The blaze there was quickly put out. The fire was confined to the foundry, which was completely destroyed. The building was one and a half stories high and 70x40 feet in size, and was valued at between $800 and $1000. The loss on stock, such as patterns, castings and machinery, is placed at $2000. The building was insured for $500 in the Guardian and stock for $1000 in the Phoenix of Brooklyn.

E. Baynes & Co., who were operating the plant, have a lot of orders ahead, including work for the Dominion government building and the city water works. They will prepare at once for the rebuilding of the plant and will resume work as usual in about 10 days.

"Creme de la Creme" Cigarettes, 10c.

## KILLING OF DOGS.

To the Editor: In Mr. Neal's reply to my letter of the 23rd he says: That when I saw him, or any one else, killing dogs on Sunday, or that I heard the sound of an axe, I state what is not true. Now, if he will read my letter carefully, he will see that I did not say that I saw the killing, neither did I confine the blows heard to an axe alone; but I did say that they were caused by an axe or some other blunt instrument, and the party who was with me says the same. And then he accounts for the noise, but does not tell how it is done. Now, I wish to ask Mr. Neal a few questions. First: Did he not tell me about a month ago in the presence of a witness that they shot the large dogs and knocked the small ones in the head? Second: If there was no axe used, was there no other blunt instrument or club used that would answer the same purpose? Third: Where is the dog that has one side of his head knocked half off, and what caused it? As for visiting the saloon which stands near the pound, I have nothing to say, as I consider such low insinuations beneath the notice of any intelligent man. But to owning a dog that has not a license I plead guilty, and I do not intend to pay it, as he is kept on my own property and does not run at large. I wish to say, also, that I do not blame Mr. Shaw for what has transpired, as I am sure it was without his knowledge or consent. Finis. W. W. CARLOW.

July 26th, 1895.

Clearance Sale of Furniture, Etc.

The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Sebi-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains.

## SPAIN'S NATIONAL SPORT.

### It is the Evidence of a Cruel Disposition in the People.

It is announced that there is to be a sham bull fight as a feature in the coming Atlanta exposition. The bulls and the accessories are to be introduced from Mexico, including, of course, the bull fighters, and the auditors are to be treated to a representation of mock contest and mock torture (with, probably, some real features in the latter), everything short of a mock death. To some this may appear to be as innocent as the mock hunting of foxes with hounds, in which an English custom is aped in our country, but if there is success at Atlanta in affording an adequate conception of what a Spanish bull fight is, we doubt if it is edifying in the better sense to those Americans who see the exhibition.

The Spaniards are a cruel nation. Cruelty has been transmitted to them by a long line of ancestry. It has been kept alive in their hearts by this custom, we are inclined to believe, more than anything else. They enjoy it, and they enjoy most of all its cruel features. They are proud of the bull fight. Something more than a year ago, while an intelligent Spaniard was exhibiting to an American the pictorial representation of a bull fight in all its stages, forming a succession of illustrations which revealed minutely all that was revolting about it, the American involuntarily shuddered and asked: "Do you really enjoy this?" The Spaniard looked at him with an astonishment that surpassed his own, if possible, and replied: "Why, it is our national amusement," intending, evidently, to leave the impression that to part with it was to lose the choicest feature of national identity.

There is a conception in many quarters that it is the heroism of the bull fighter which awakens most of all the admiration and enthusiasm of a crowd of Spaniards at a bull fight. There is attraction in this quality, though the danger of the bull fighter is reduced to a low figure, so great is the advantage taken of the bull. A careful observation will, however, convince any one, we think, that the ecstacy of enjoyment attains to the highest pitch in cruelties toward the bull. Yet the bull is not half the unamiable animal that may be supposed. He is selected more for his courage to fight than for his wickedness of disposition. The quality that should awaken in them admiration makes these Spanish spectators more bent upon his torture. Their delight is largely in seeing physical pain inflicted, and nobility in endurance or spirit in resistance only increases their enjoyment of the pangs of the victim.

This spirit of cruelty is manifested in an unrelieved manner in the rehearsals of bull fights. The crowning contest of the arena has been often described, but we are inclined to think that the extent of the rehearsals are not so well known. They are held preceding the great occasion, and apprentices take their lessons in them. Then a young bull, gentle, quiet, inoffensive a demeanor, is led into the ring. A half-dozen men attack him in various ways. The chances are that the bewildered creature will let them alone, unless under the most aggravating provocation. The sport is to throw darts at him, which are to stick in his hide, and to irritate him to turn upon his persecutors. Every dart successfully planted calls forth a shout of enthusiasm. The poor animal breathes and writhes, and endeavors in every way except actual fighting to avoid his tormentors. He may turn upon them for a moment, but the chances are that he will be only too glad to retreat the moment he is faced. They still follow him until his body is full of their darts, and the thousands of men—and women!—who are looking on reach the wildest pitch of excitement as he staggers blindly about, bristling with darts, and bleeding. At last the poor wretch goes literally down on his knees to his persecutors, and begs for mercy as plainly as if he were not a dumb animal. The writer, who saw all this at Barcelona, rose then to leave the seats, sickened with disgust at the spectacle. "You are not leaving yet!" said his companion. "Wait and see the bull killed!" "Surely they are not going to kill him!" was the reply. "This is a rehearsal, and it is not necessary to kill the bull at a rehearsal." "You don't know the Spaniards," was the rejoinder. "This is the climax of the sport. Everything has been a preparation for it, and you must wait to hear the tremendous shout of enjoyment when the fatal stroke is given." It was not waited for, but it shook the walls of the building as the writer was leaving it.

The bull fight, as it is conducted in Spain, is a reproach to modern civilization. It is a relic of the barbarism that preceded the Christian era. The Spanish nation continues and cherishes the cruelties of that period in its enjoyment of it as a national sport. It is less difficult to believe in cruelties and oppressions in Cuba to-day, coming from a nation that is nourished upon it. If, as a matter of curiosity, it is the desire to exhibit a representation of it at Atlanta, it may be made to form a part of the novelty of that occasion; but it will not be easy—and it will be still less desirable—to give an adequate idea of the cruelty of the national custom, the most discouraging feature of all in which is the wild enjoyment that Spanish spectators derive from it.—Boston Herald.

—"Have tried others, but like Ayer's best." is the statement made over and over again by those who testify to the benefit derived from the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Disease never had a greater enemy than this powerful blood purifier. It makes the weak strong.

## REVEALED IN A DREAM.

### How a Doctor Diagnosed a Case and Cured His Patient.

New York Morning Journal: One of the most unaccountable adventures in the phenomena of the lives of physicians ever recorded was related by Dr. Charles Bockman, of Astoria, L. I., at a meeting of the American Medical Society in this city Tuesday afternoon. The scientific men present were much interested in the strange freak of nature the practitioner disclosed. They believe it new and valuable evidence regarding the much-discussed opinions on the conditions of the mind and brain in sleep, which is also a subject of strong human interest.

"It seems to me," said Dr. Bockman, after introducing the subject to his listeners in a formal manner, "that it is a truly remarkable occurrence when a physician makes a clear diagnosis of a mysterious malady in dreamland. Yet I have done so—and done so to my utter amazement. When, with purely characteristic instinct, I examined into my dream and found it as a spokesman of fact, I was stricken speechless, but since I have come to the conclusion that the phenomenon is not mysterious or even strange. I was called to attend a little baby suffering the most rigid spasmodic convulsions, the cause of which I found impossible to discover. I first saw the poor little infant on Sunday and by Tuesday had become perfectly nonplussed as to what to do for it, further than to administer temporary relief. I thought of nothing else than the poor little one's sufferings all day Monday, and retired that night with the child's remarkable symptoms mentally photographed on my mind.

"Tuesday morning when I arose I had been to see the little patient in a dream; had discovered the trouble and conceived a simple treatment for its cure, which I had administered with entire success. Upon calling at Mrs. Lockwood's, the child's mother, this morning, I stepped to the corner of the room in which the cradle stood, and raising the infant's foot observed the little rose-colored spot I had seen in my dream. In an instant, almost before I knew what I was doing, I drew a slender pointed lancet from my pocket and quickly punctured the spot, when out came a needle three-fourths of an inch long, head first."

—Effectual.—Charles J. Booth, Olivewood, Cal., says: "I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for several years, and have always found them the most efficient in the relief of ailments arising from a disordered stomach, torpid liver and constipated bowels.

## ASTORS' WONDROUS CAREER.

### Not a Family, but a System for Amassing Vast Wealth.

"Talk of the brief harvest day of speculators," said Frederick Harriot to Gath, of the New York Morning Journal, "but see the wondrous career of the Astors. It is not a family, but a system. As soon as the Harlem river canal was legislated for, their estate began to buy and improve the natural dockage property in the flats about Kingsbridge till they possessed a hundred acres in the future centre of New York, where a hundred acres is a colossal fortune. As the canal opens this dock and wharfage property is immediately ready for barges to enter and warehouses to be erected. Hotel men talk as if the Astors were making a new departure to build hotels, forgetting that they were the first important hotel men in New York, and built the Astor house and trained in it a swarm of hotel men, and at the end of sixty years it fetches the rent its ever-accelerated income justifies its tenants to pay. In half its length of years the Herald office has lived and died, Real estate conducted upon the statesman plan of these men is like the Mutual Insurance Company, which has assets of $240,000,000, and nearly $200,000,000 of that is surplus put into real estate right here.

"The Astors bought and developed into dock property another great tract of land at the mouth of the Bronx before they took up the Kingsbridge tracts on the Harlem. Their foresight is like the monks who planted orange groves, which bear fruit for five generations, which are the generations of the American Astors. What filial monument is like their joint hotels now going up on the site of their adjoining houses? And in vigor of character the present fourth generation equals the first, with literary as well as business versatility. My forefathers, the Havemeyers, came over at the time with the Astors, about 1770, from adjacent parts, the Astors from Waldorf, the Havemeyers from Lippe. They reared the great structures of sugar refining and imperial real estate."

To correct any phase of indigestion and build up the system use Adams' Tutti Frutti. Don't take imitations.

That Tired Feeling.

Is a common complaint and it is a dangerous symptom. It means that the system is debilitated because of impure blood, and in this condition it is especially liable to attacks of disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy for this condition, and also for that weakness which prevails at the change of season, climate or life.

HOODS PILLS act easily, yet promptly and efficiently on the bowels and liver. 25c.

Howcum—There's no danger of that friend of yours breaking his word, is there? Howcum—He could chase it all to pieces, you know.

"The smith a mighty man is he,
With large and sinewy hands,
And the muscles of his brawny arms
Are strong as iron bands."

Sinewy hands and muscles, like iron bands, are what athletes are trying to develop.

The best athletes of to-day use

Johnston's Fluid Beef

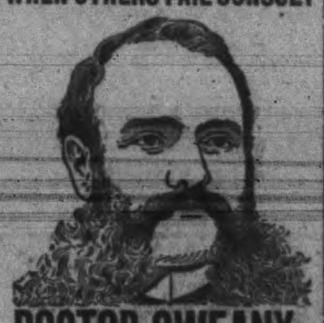
when training, and acknowledge it to be the best muscle-forming and strength-giving food.

The little girls of Boston are reported to be over-educated. The story goes that a child was asked in a tram car her age, with a view of "half-fare for children." Whereupon the precocious little damsel murmured, "If you don't object, conductor, I'll pay full fare and keep my own statistics."

"Be mine," he implored.
"I am a new woman," she answered malignantly. "I hate all men."
And so they were married.

Emancipated woman (1900)—I want a divorce.
Lawyer—What is the matter.
Emancipated woman—In looking over my husband's papers I find that he spells Woman with a small w.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT



DOCTOR SWEANY,
SPECIALIST,

(Regular Graduate Registered.)

Formerly of Philadelphia, Pa., who for a number of years has had permanent offices at Seattle, Wash., 713 Front St. (Union Block), where the sick and afflicted can receive treatment in the future as they have in the past from the ablest and most successful specialist of the age.

Diplomas and Licenses

hang on the walls of his office. He has had many years of experience in the leading Eastern hospitals, also many years of successful practice that

Challenges the World.

He publishes no names of patients, nor their diseases, but cures them, and any one in need of his services desiring references can be shown hundreds of genuine testimonials on file in his office which grateful patients have requested him to use.

WHY Do the SICK PEOPLE of Seattle and vicinity crowd his office daily.

BECAUSE the wonderful cures he is making have created confidence and delight in the hearts of those who have struggled in vain for years against the ravages of disease until this successful doctor, whose picture appears above, restored them to health.

BUSINESS MEN

Now realize the fact that DOCTOR SWEANY can be depended upon to fulfill his promises in every respect and he Low numbers among his patients prominent business men of this city and vicinity. He treats all medical and surgical diseases.

LOST MANHOOD among young, middle aged and old men. The awful effects of youthful indiscretion or excesses in after life.

YOUNG MEN If you are troubled with exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, aversion to society, stupidity, despondency, loss of energy, ambition and self-confidence, which deprive you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or marriage, you should take treatment from this noted specialist before it is too late.

MIDDLE AGED AND OLD MEN—There are thousands of you troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys, frequent painful urination and sediment in the urine, and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility and premature decay. Many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated with unfailing success. Delay is dangerous.

PRIVATE Diseases—Inflammations, Stricture, Weakness of Organs, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly cured without pain or detention from business.

CATARRH—When poisons the breath, stomach and lungs and paves the way for Consumption. Throat, Liver, Heart, Kidney, Bladder and all constitutional and internal troubles; also Rupture, Piles, Fistula treated far in advance of any institution in the country.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Sores, Spots, Pimples, Boils, Carbuncles, Blotches, Falling Hair, Tetter, Eczema and Blood Poison, private or secretly thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a strong, pure and healthful state.

LADIES—If you are suffering from persistent Headaches, Painful Menstruation, Intolerable Itching, or any of the distressing ailments peculiar to your sex, you should consult Dr. Sweany without delay. He cures when others fail.

WRITE Your troubles if living away from the city. Thousands cured at home by correspondence. Strictly confidential. Medicine sent everywhere, observation. Book entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH" sent free to those describing their troubles. Address

LEVEREIT SWEANY, M. D.
Mention this paper.
713 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

## MUNICIPAL.

### NOTICE

Pandora street between Douglas and Blanchard street is closed to public traffic.

R. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

July 9, 1895.

## $10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

## Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of consumers of water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Sections 12, 20, and 23 of The Water Works Regulation By-Law, 1894, which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of water of the said water works shall use such water for irrigating except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In the North Ward on Mondays and Thursdays.
In the Central Ward on Tuesdays and Fridays.
In the South Ward on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore mentioned the water will be turned off, and there shall be charged in addition to ordinary rates the sum of fifty cents for each infraction.

The above penalties will be strictly enforced.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

Water Commissioner's Office,
14th May, 1895. m17

## Notice in Respect to Thistles.

The attention of persons interested is hereby drawn to Sections 3 and 5 of the Consolidated Thistle By-Law, which read as follows, viz.:

"3. Every owner, lessee, tenant, occupier, or agent for the owner or lessee, of any land, shall cut or cause to be cut down, all thistles growing upon such land before such thistles have gone to seed or come to flower."

"4. Every person convicted of an infraction of the by-law shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars."

The said persons are also respectfully informed that this is the only notification they will receive in regard to this matter.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., June 25th, 1895.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Nerve Power, Lassitude, Want of Energy, Poor Memory, Nervous Headache, Wakefulness and all diseases caused by excesses in youth. Six Boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes $5.00. Manufactured by STANDARD MEDICINE CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail in Victoria, B.C. by ALDERT & CO. sig27

Music

Re-written, Transposed, Arranged and Composed for the Voice, Piano, any instrument or combination of instruments.

JNO. M. PINN,
37 Blanchard St., Victoria.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

**Royal Baking Powder**

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**

## THE BRITISH ELECTIONS.

**The Unionists Are Still Capturing Seats in Every Quarter of the Realm.**

**The Returns Nearly All In—Only a Score or So of Seats to be Contested.**

London, July 26, 4 p.m.—The result so far is as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Conservatives | 330 |
| Unionists | 67 |
| Total Government | 403 |
| Liberals | 160 |
| McCarthyites | 65 |
| Parnellites | 12 |
| Labor | 2 |
| Total | 239 |
| Net Unionist gain | 86 |

Staffordshire, Leek division—Bell, Con., 4706; Pearce, Lib., 4091.

Cumberland, Eskdale division—Allison, Lib., 3745; Howard, Con., 3597.

Somersetshire, Frome division—Vicount Weymouth, Con., 5043; Barlow, Lib., 4090. Conservatives win the seat.

Wiltshire, Westbury division—Capt. Chaltoner, Con., 4492; Fuller, Lib., 4327. Another victory for the Conservatives.

Suffolk, Lowestoff division—Foster, Con., 5199; Sington, Lib., 3820.

Lincolnshire, Gainsboro division—Balnbridge, Lib., 5077; Pearson, Con., 4301.

Lincolnshire, Spalding division—Pollock, U., 4623; Stewart, Lib., 4274. A gain for the Unionists.

Warwickshire, Rugby division—Hon. O. G. Vernon, Con., 4354; Grant, Lib., 4070. Conservatives win the seat.

Bedfordshire, Lytton division—Ashton, Lib., 5430; Col. Duke, Con., 5244.

Lanarkshire, Govan division—Ferguson, Con., 4629; Wilson, Lib., 4290; Haddow, Labor, 430.

Lanarkshire, Partick division—Smith, U., 5551; Mackenzie, Lib., 4344.

Kircaldy, Burghs—Kekewick, Con., 1122; Dalziel, Lib., 3078.

Lanarkshire, Northwest—Whitelaw, Con., 5147; Holborn, Lib., 5244. Liberals win the seat.

Argyleshire—Nicol, Con., 3970; Sir D. H. McFarlane, Lib., 3835. Conservatives win the seat.

Down, South—McCartan, Lib., 1451; Rowan, U., 3375. Conservatives win the seat.

Armagh, South—McHugh, Lib., 3378; Kavanagh, U., 1905.

Cornwall, Bodmin division—Right Hon. Leonard Courtney, U., 4095; McDougall, Lib., 3492.

Ayrshire, North—Hon. E. H. Cochrane, U., 5612; Robertson, Lib., 4992.

Mayo, North—O'Reilly, McCarthyite, 3037; Egan, Parnellite, 1816.

Queen's County, Ossorti division—E. Crean, McC., 2986; Poe, Con., 630; McDonald, Parnellite, 383.

Tyrone, South—T. W. Russell, U., 5229; Shellington, Lib., 3046.

Suffolk, Eye division—Stevenson, Lib., 4437; Isaacson, Con., 3993.

Berkshire, Newbury—Mountain, Con., 4895; Sinburne, Lib., 3770.

Dumbartonshire, Wylie, Con., 5375; Capt. Sinclair, Lib., 5342. Conservatives win the seat.

Cheshire, Hyde division—Sidebotham, Con., 4735; Rhodes, Lib., 3844; Christie, Labor, 448.

Monaghan, South—Daly, McC., 3885; Tenalson, Con., 1015.

Cornwall, Middle division—McArthur, Lib., 4192; Williams, Con., 3092.

Norfolk, Southwest—Hare, Con., 3968; Winfrey, Lib., 3762.

Denbeighshire, East—Rt. Hon. Sir G. O. Morgan, Lib., 4890; H. St. J. Raikes, Con., 3115.

Durham, Chester-le-Street—Sir James Joicey, Lib., 7370; Mocpeth, U., 4113.

Roscommon, North—O'Kelly, Parnellite, 3327; Candon, McCarthyite, 2539. A gain for the Parnellites.

Louth, south—Dr. Ambrose, McCarthyite, 2906; Fitzgerald, Parnellite, 1044.

### STRANGE CANNONS OF STONE.

**Defenses of Malta Were Cut Out of Living Rock.**

The most wonderful cannons on record are those which are described by Brydone, whose travels in Sicily and Malta won well-deserved renown toward the end of the last century.

Many facts and stories he recounts that seem strangely old-world to us, though the date is little more than 100 years ago, so grandly did the French revolution transform Europe.

Malta was full of wonders more or less droll, when the knights held it, but nothing equalled the stone guns. Everybody knows that the fortifications were cut out of the solid rock, but Brydone was right in saying that a kind of ordnance used to defend them was unknown to all the world besides.

As we understand his description, the knights left a great block of stone where they hollowed out an embrasure in the cliff, which they afterwards shaped and bored in the form of a gigantic mortar. These engines contained a whole barrel of gunpowder. That shovelled in, they plugged it with a great piece of wood, fitted exactly to the bore, as a wadding, and loaded up with cannon balls, shells and other deadly materials.

About fifty of these remarkable guns commanded the spots which a hostile ship was most likely to approach. The mouths of some of them are six feet wide, and they are able to throw 10,000 pounds weight of balls or stones. The range is not stated, but the falling projectiles covered an area of over 300 square yards.—Philadelphia Record.

—"Have tried others, but like Ayer's best," is the statement made over and over again by those who testify to the benefit derived from the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Disease never had a greater enemy than this powerful blood-purifier. It makes the weak strong.

## SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

### CRICKET.

VICTORIA V. NANAIMO.

The following team will represent the Victoria Cricket Club in the match with Nanaimo at the later city on Friday: Hon. C. E. Pooley, S. F. Morley, B. Goward, W. Wallis, B. H. T. Drake, W. Lefroy, C. A. Goffin, E. A. Pauline, C. Gamble, C. Frost and A. N. Other.

### THE RIFLE.

PROVINCIAL MEET.

There was a large attendance at the Goldstream ranges yesterday for the first day's shoot in the annual meeting of the British Columbia Rifle Association. There were only two regular matches, the rest of the day being occupied in the extra series and pool shooting. There were seventeen entries in the Nursery match, restricted to those who had never won a prize of $5 or over, 500 yards, seven shots. The prize winners were:

| | |
|---|---|
| $6, Sergt. Gibson, R.M.A. | 31 |
| 5, Gr. W. J. Corbett, Westminster | 29 |
| 3, Gr. C. A. Goodwin | 29 |
| 3, Gr. W. Miller, Westminster | 27 |
| 2, Gr. W. H. Butler | 27 |
| 2, Corp. R. McDougall | 27 |
| 2, Corp. J. D. Stuart, Vancouver | 25 |
| 2, Gr. G. Steen, Westminster | 23 |

Corporal J. D. Stuart and Gunner A. R. Langley tied in the match for the Dorothy medal, presented annually by H. D. Helmcken, M. P. P. They made 87 each. Last year Gunner Langley won with 93. The prize winners follow:

| | |
|---|---|
| Medal and $10—Corp. J. D. Stuart, Vancouver | 87 |
| $10, Gr. A. R. Langley | 87 |
| 6, Wm. Wall, Nanaimo | 85 |
| 7, R. J. Butler | 85 |
| 6, Gr. Jos. Burr, Westminster | 84 |
| 6, Gr. A. F. Cotton, Vancouver | 82 |
| 5, Gr. Turnbull, Westminster | 83 |
| 5, Gr. F. Maitandaine | 83 |
| 4, Lieut. M. G. Blanchard | 82 |
| 4, Capt. E. H. Fletcher | 82 |
| 4, Sergt. Gibson, R.M.A. | 81 |
| 4, Gr. C. A. Goodwin | 80 |
| 3, W. A. Young, Nanaimo | 79 |
| 3, Gr. W. P. Winsby | 79 |
| 3, Corp. E. McDougall | 78 |
| 3, C. H. Barker, Nanaimo | 77 |
| 2, W. W. R. McInnes, Nanaimo | 77 |
| 2, Gr. R. Wilson, Westminster | 77 |
| 2, Gr. H. C. Chamberlin, Westminster | 76 |
| 2, Gr. S. A. Fletcher, Westminster | 76 |
| 2, Gr. W. J. Sloan, Westminster | 75 |
| 2, G. Pittendrigh, Nanaimo | 75 |

At a meeting of the council last evening several amendments were made to the by-laws, one providing that the annual business meeting shall be held at Goldstream this evening instead of in January next. Members of the council may hereafter be represented by proxy at meetings.

### AQUATIC.

ARGONAUTS WIN.

St. Clair, Mich., July 26.—The junior events of the Northwestern Amateur Rowing Association were brought off yesterday afternoon on a choppy course and with a stiff northwestern breeze blowing. The first race, the junior single sculls, was won by Lefevre of the Mutuals in 12.47, Fred Weyhart of Toronto second.

The Argonaut crew from Toronto won the junior four-oared race, having the past favorable position. They turned the buoy a quarter of a mile ahead and came home leisurely. Crew as follows: W. H. Buntin, bow, P. E. McKenzie, Harry Small, A. J. Boyd, stroke.

The Ecors, Mutuals and Detroits crew also competed, coming home in the order indicated.

In the junior double sculls the Mutual club met its first defeat. But two crews entered, Fred Russell and Fred Weyhart of Toronto, and H. Brunner and John Vandon of the Mutuals. The Toronto team got away with a strong winning stroke and commenced to pull ahead immediately. At the half mile they were at least fifteen lengths in the lead. The stroke oar of the Mutuals unshipped his seat accidently when about at the quarter mile, which put the crew behind. Toronto finished about a quarter of a mile in the lead. Time 13 05½; Mutuals, 16.56.

E. A. THOMPSON'S ILL LUCK.

London, July 26.—The Sporting Life says: "During his stay here E. A. Thompson, of the Argonaut Rowing Club, Toronto, has been most unfortunate. Yesterday he had all the worst of the stations and when his chances were the rosiest he was fouled by Vivian Nickalls, which cost him more than the wind.

F. H. THOMPSON'S VIEWS.

New York, July 26.—Among the passengers on the steamship Germanic, which arrived to-day, was F. H. Thompson, a member of the Argonaut Boat Club four of Toronto, who took part in the race for the Steward's cup at the Henley regatta and were beaten out at the finish by three feet. The Canadian, who is an acknowledged authority on rowing, expressed himself as being very sorry that the Toronto crew did not carry off a victory. "We were handicapped by a poor boat, which was the main cause of our defeat. I was almost certain that the Cornell crew would win, even after our arrival at Henley, as the men were in good shape, but a week before the race they looked to me to be overtrained. Had they been in superb condition they would have beaten Trinity Hall easily."

Mr. Thompson thought that Cornell should have gone back and rowed the race over again in the first trial when the Leanders failed to start. He said: "We were well treated on the other side, in fact, we received better treatment than we had anticipated. Our treatment at the hands of the Cornell men was particularly courteous."

### THE TURF.

The Sporting Life says that the official nominations for the Derby of 1897 include by Mr. Lorillard, four colts and one gelding by Sensation; by Mr. Croker, eight colts by Hanover; by Mr. Keene, one colt by Candlemas and one filly by Galliard. For the Oaks of 1897 Mr. Croker has nominated one filly by Minting and one filly by Merry Hampton.

### LACROSSE.

TO-MORROW'S MATCH.

The second home match in the senior championship series will be played to-morrow at Caledonia grounds, commencing at 3 o'clock sharp. The Vancouver team, which now leads for the championship, will be down to-night. Victoria will put a strong team in the field and make an effort to catch up to the terminal city. At least three juniors will have to be placed on the team, and those who do play will play throughout the season with the seniors. Bland, who put up such a good game against Westminster two weeks ago, will be one of the juniors chosen and it is probable that the other positions will be filled by Sprinkling and Snider. The admission has been reduced to 25 cents. The band of the B. C. B. G. A. will be present and will give some of their splendid music between the games. They will also give a short concert before the match begins, commencing at 2:30. There should be a large turnout of spectators, as the match of two weeks ago has awakened a great deal of interest in the game by enthusiasts in this city.

### BASEBALL.

OFF FOR VANCOUVER.

The following players of the Amity club leave to-night for Vancouver. The terminal city team have been practising diligently, and a hard contest may be looked for. It is probable that Vancouver will have a new man in the box, Donovan playing first base. If the Amities win to-morrow's game they will have a tight grip on the pennant, even if the final game is lost to Nanaimo. Fred Widdowson and Geo. Gowen will be missed from the team very much, Widdowson not having recovered yet, and Geo. Gowen having a sprained ankle. The team in batting order follows: Scott, short stop; Gus Gowen, second base; Duck, left field; Jackson, third base; Franklin, right field; Schultz, first base; Huxtable, catcher; Partridge, centre field; Lenfesty, pitcher; Williams, substitute.

### THE INDIAN UPRISING.

**A Conflict Between the Indians and Whites Hourly Expected.**

Pocatello, Ida., 26.—The situation in Northwestern Wyoming, where the Indians are on the war path, has not improved. Adjutant-General Stitzer, of Wyoming, at Market Lake, has been hourly expecting to hear that a conflict had occurred between the settlers and the Indians in Jackson valley. Two of his messengers dispatched into that district several days ago have not returned although overdue. Grave fears are entertained that they have been ambushed by Indians. A band of Bannock Indians under the leadership of Jim Baltard has started north towards the seat of trouble. If these Indians reach the belligerents in Fall River valley before the troops get there, and they undoubtedly will, the result may be disastrous.

### DIED.

CUNNINGHAM—On the 24th instant, at Robert street, Victoria West, Neil, son of Neil and Bridget Cunningham, aged 15 months.

LISMORE—On the 24th instant, at the family residence, Springfield Avenue, Victoria West, Robert John, infant son of Joseph and Elizabeth Lismore, aged 9 months.

The funeral will take place on Saturday, at 2:30 p.m., from the residence as above. Friends will please accept this intimation.

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### PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Justice Drake, J W McFarland, D W Gillies, T A Graham, W F Salsbury, R G Penn, A L Ryale, Miss Thain, Cobridge Barnard, Mrs Salsbury, R W Clark, W Knowles, Wm Tierney, E P Davies, R V Winch, C Donnelly, E J Parker, F A Renny, Mrs Adams, W R Graham, Mara Fuller, Dr Munn, P Blyth, Wm Lough, W S Maher, J W Chadsey, W Fuller, Lewis Fuller, Mrs Fuller, A E McLeod.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs G F Hunsh, J Greenhouse, Miss Jory, J T Dedmery, Mrs Dedmery, jr, Mrs E C Mallette, Mrs Ponetius, A V Kilgore and wife, John McDonald, Miss Parsons, Wm Lazier, Mrs K C Mallette, H H Hand, F J Wallace, J S Wallace, Lucy Wallace, J W James, F W Gatter, P P Horton, Thos Ross, J S Jory and wife, Mrs R Moody.

Per steamer Sehome from the Sound—Jno Lewis, L Lubsman, F Earle, G Leiser, M Goodman, J Rosenberger.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Mrs A Bragdon, Miss Bragdon, Mrs H L Rawlings, Miss A Elmo, Miss B Elmo, A E Drumm, Mrs Leiser and son, C W Loomis, Mrs Shaw, J Anderson.

### CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—A Sheret, Cookson & P, Dr G L Milne, T M Brayshaw, H F Allan, T Turner, Vic Elec Co, W Lough, Dom Ex Co.

Per steamer Kingston from the Sound—B C Mills, Timber & Trading Co, Sehl-Hastie-E F Co, J A Skinner & Co, E G Prior & Co, S Leiser & Co, L White & Co, Valo & Brooks.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Okell & Morris, J A Ritchie, B C Meat Co, Erskine Wall & Co, L Dickenson, Watson & Hall, D H Ross & Co, E J Saunders, Gosnell & Co.

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